THE COLUMBIAN.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)

ISSUED weekly, every Friday morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

TWO DOLLARS per year, 50 cents discount allowed if paid in advance. After the expiration of the year $2.50 will be charged. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year, strictly in advance. No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

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The Columbian.

G. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1879.

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RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE.	1W.	2W.	3M.	6M.	1Y
One inch	$1.00	$2.50	$3.00	$5.00	$8.00
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One column	20.00	25.00	30.00	50.00	100.00

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Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line regular advertisements half rates.

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J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, (Office and Residence on Third street,

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

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apr19,1878.

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March 26,'77—y

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Jan. 11, 1878

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Office over Schuyler's Hardware Store.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE—In Harman's Building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

H. LITTLE. ROBT. B. LITTLE.
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ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1, Bloomsburg, Pa.

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Attorney-at-Law.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
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jan. 10, '79-tf

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Poetical.

ROMANCE.

BY OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES.

Oh! she was a maid of laughing eye,
And she lived in a garret cold and high,
And he was threadbare, whiskered beau,
And he lived in a cellar damp and low.

But the rosy boy of the cherub wing
Hath many a shaft in his slender string,
And the youth below and the maid above
Were touched with the flashing darts of love;

And she would wake from her troubled sleep,
O'er his tender billet-doux to weep;
Or stand like a statue cold and fair,
And gaze on a lock of his bright red hair.

And he who was late so tall and proud,
With his step so firm and his laugh so loud,
His beard grew long and his face grew thin,
And he pined in solitude over his gin.

But one soft night in the month of June,
As she lay in the light of a cloudless moon,
A voice came floating soft and clear,
To the startled maiden's listening ear.

Oh, then from her creaking couch she sprung,
And the tangled tresses back she flung,
She looked from her window far below,
And he stood beneath, her whiskered beau!

She did not start with a foolish frown,
But she packed her trunk and hurried down,
And there was her lover tall and true,
In his threadbare coat of brightened blue.

The star that rose in the evening shade,
Looked sadly down on the weeping maid;
The sun that came in his morning pride,
Shed golden light o'er a laughing bride.

Select Story.

AN "APRIL FOOL" STORY.

BY MRS. S. VAN BENSCHOTEN.

From Chicago Inter Ocean.

Eva Phillips sat in her father's library, with her dainty feet encased in the tiniest slippers, and covered with bows and buckles perched on the fender, while she gazed with a far-away look into the fire. Her eyes were red and her face gave one the impression that she had just buried her last relative, or had quarreled with her latest lover.

The little hands were clasped tightly together, and one could see by the very closeness of their grip that she had made up her mind to do something desperate.

'I'll not care a straw any more! I've made up my mind he is not worth crying about. So, there's an end of it. He shall not have the satisfaction of knowing I ever cared about it. I wouldn't care much if it wasn't for May and the other girls. They'll laugh at me, for I always have bragged so about Harry's devotion.'

A door was softly opened, and her father stood looking at her for some time, with a sad, sober look.

At last he spoke her name gently, and Eva turned and rushed to his arms, saying:

'Why, papa, I didn't know you had come home. How tired you look. Mother and I have been so worried about you.'

'Poor little puss,' said Mr. Phillips, 'you will have more to bear than I shall. To think of that scamp, Harry Miller, deserting you under such circumstances! I never would have believed him capable of such avariciousness.'

And Mr. Phillips sat down, and taking Eva on his knee, caressingly stroked her hair and sighed wearily.

'Never mind about me, papa; I shall get over his desertion shortly. I don't believe I care as much about him as I do about what Cousin May will say. She always liked Harry, you know, and has often told me 'she could get him away from me if I wasn't a greater heiress than she.' I wish I had let her have him a long time ago, and had fallen in love with George Starr instead of such a treacherous fellow as Harry is. I believe I should if May hadn't called him 'prosy and stiff,' and raved so about Harry. It serves me right, for being so proud of Harry's preference for me, in the face of May's beauty and expected wealth. But I've made up my mind not to care, and am glad we released him from the engagement.'

Mr. Phillips ground his teeth with rage at Harry Miller's perfidy, and felt like rushing out and scalping the young vagabond.

He thought Eva's tears fell on account of her disappointment and unrequited love.

He didn't understand woman's nature enough to see how her pride could be the cause of her grief, and that after she had crushed that, no love would be lost upon young Miller. But he sent the note, at Eva's request, giving Harry his freedom, longing to say what he thought of the "young scamp," and wishing him all the ill-luck possible.

Mr. Phillips had been a wealthy business man all his life, his business interests having been handed down from two or three generations.

At his father's death Eva had received a large proportion of her grandfather's wealth.

But Mr. Phillips had erred in judgment; when he sold off the greatest part of her estate and invested it in mining and other great paying bonds.

As the times grew harder and harder, he had drawn more and more upon Eva's resources, hoping eventually to recover himself and reimburse Eva two-fold.

But the mines failed to return an eighth of what had been promised. The railroad stocks went down so far that instead of declaring a large dividend, as they had done when Mr. Phillips first invested, they were a drug on the market.

Now nothing was left but their home and a small country house a little distance up the Hudson river, and to which Mr. Phillips had determined to go as soon as their home in New York was rented.

This turn in her affairs did not effect Eva as much as it did her father. She was always hopeful, with very little false pride about wealth.

Beside, she was a little romantic, and when her father gently broke the news to her of their losses, she received it with so much ease, and built so many castles about their happy little country home that Mr. Phillips felt himself growing more hopeful than he had been for years.

Eva sat down and wrote a little note to Harry, telling him to come immediately to see her, as something of importance had happened that might cause him to wish the engagement broken.

But down in her heart she trusted him, with a trust that knows no shaking.

Sitting in the twilight, waiting for him to answer her summons, she built many a castle in the air, and laid many a plan for the future, when she and Harry had settled in their sweet little cottage.

When she thought of her offer to release Harry from their engagement, she would blush to think with what pride she would point to this devotion when Cousin May should come to console with her about her losses.

As the twilight shadows crept slowly along, and the gaslights outside began to glare and throw out a dazzling brightness, a lonely feeling began to take possession of her, and over her stole a sickening fear of desolation and a dread of coming evil.

Perhaps Harry had not received her note! Perhaps he was out of town! He might have been waylaid, and even now was lying near her, bleeding and dying!

Just as she was getting nervous and excited over his non-appearance, she was startled by a ring at the door. But it was only a note for her father, and so she sank down again on the sofa, with her fears increasing, until she received a summons to "come to the library.'

Mr. Phillips held before him an open letter, and as he saw the startled look on Eva's face, felt almost afraid to let her see the contents.

But she had recognized the writing, and seeing his pained look, said:

'Let me read it, papa, for I must know the worst.'

Mr. Phillids watched anxiously the varied expressions passing over her face, and felt that scorn was the most prominent of all.

Still he feared for the future, and wondered greatly at her calmness.

The note was only a cool, matter-of-fact business note, asking 'a release from the engagement,' 'stating that he had learned of their losses, and knowing that it would be years before he could support Eva properly, thought it best to free her.' Said he, 'thought it best not to answer Eva's note in person' as 'it might cause a scene,' which he always avoided, when possible, and requested Mr. Phillips to forward a formal release.

But Eva passed that night in tears and sorrow. She began to realize her disappointment in Harry's steadfastness, and felt at times, as if no one in the world could be trusted.

When the morning dawned she felt weary and nervous, but had analyzed her feelings, and found herself able and willing to give him up as far as her love went, but could not bring her mind to face the sarcasm and derision of her young friends, and especially Coz May.

Harry Miller heard with dismay of the disasters attending Mr. Phillips. He rushed wildly around, inquiring of this friend and that, until he found one that could state positively how matters stood. Finding that Mr. Phillips had lost Eva's fortune, as well as his own, and that nothing remained but the home they occupied and their country house, and that the city home must be rented, to support them in their country home, he sat down to plan some way to rescue himself from this dilemma, as he considered it.

Eva was the girl of his choice, and, as he admitted to himself, the one he would marry if he was rich enough, 'even if she hadn't a cent.' But as he had nothing but his profession, he must look for some one that would bring money to him, even if he had no love for her.

He could never wait, for years, toiling and delving, to make a fortune for himself, and to pledge himself to make a fortune for both was too much.

So he looked at it in a business way, and at last sat down in a business manner to write the note, which might, perhaps, break the heart of Eva Phillips.

She had always seemed to be a very sensible girl, so when she knew how he was situated, she would not blame him. He hoped she wouldn't make a fool of herself,' and with a slight tinge of regret, but a great deal of philosophy, as he termed it, he sent the note, to Mr. Phillips, requesting a release.

Lighting a cigar, he seated himself to await the answer, and think over the many chances and few heiresses awaiting him when his freedom should be proclaimed.

After enumerating half a dozen, or more, he suddenly paused at the name of May Barrows, Eva's cousin. 'She doted' on him he knew, and, beside wasn't she the heir to her grandmother's large estate? Hadn't Eva told him so, beside stating, 'May would be worth one hundred thousand in her own right?' Suppose it wasn't half what he expected Eva to have, wasn't it a pretty snug fortune for these times?

The old lady was over 80 years of age, and was now very ill, with no hopes of recovery. The family was eminently respectable, being descendants from the first settlers. Wasn't that something to be looked at? Besides, she was Eva's cousin. Of course that was better than being no relation whatever to Eva.

Half a loaf was better than none, as far as the relation was concerned, and the fortune too!

So Harry Miller, after receiving an acceptance of his request, felt free to seek the beautiful May Bowers, the belle of the season; and before the season was over Eva received a letter from her cousin, detailing at great length her future prospects and the numerous wedding parties her friends intended to give her, with a description of her trousseau, which grandmother's money was going to furnish.

Grandma Kirtley had always entertained greater affection for May than for her other grandchildren; for May's mother had died when she was only a few months old, and the care of her for some years had devolved upon the old lady.

To Eva she had always been very kind, and when she heard of her engagement to the rising young lawyer, Harry Miller, was proud and happy over it, sending her word to that effect.

After Mr. Phillips had lost everything, learning of Eva's kindness toward her parents, and the hope which she infused into their hearts, she sent letters of encouragement and substantial mementoes of her love. But when she heard of Harry's desertion her anger knew no bounds. At one time she was going to sue him for 'breach of promise,' at another she threatened to write him 'a horrible letter' as soon as she was able, and so on, until Eva was forced to go to her and assure her that she 'was very happy, and even glad, that Harry had left her, for she had now found him out.'

The old lady learned also that Geo. Starr, a son of an old friend of hers, and at one time a lover of Eva's, had called in frequently of late, and had been warmly received by Eva and her parents. Still the old lady was not entirely satisfied at Eva's looks. It seemed to her that all the old brightness had gone from her eyes. Perhaps it was 'only care,' as Eva said; but the old lady was so suspicious that she made up her mind 'that Harry Miller was the one to blame for her granddaughter's sadness,' and hated him accordingly.

And so the time wore on. May wrote to grandma Kirtley, telling her of her engagement to a fast-rising young man; that dear papa was very much pleased, and had given her lots of money to buy wedding clothes; that she was going to bring him to see her in a week or two. On the receipt of this letter the old lady Kirtley sent a check for $1000, and begged her to bring her future husband as soon as possible to see her, as she was very anxious to know what and who he was before she died.'

The first letter from Eva, on her return home, to her grandma, gave particulars of May's wedding, and also stated 'that Eva's old love, Harry Miller, was May's promised husband.'

This was too much for Grandma Kirtley. She sent for her lawyer, and, before another day had passed, added a codicil to her 'last will and testament.' But no one knew of the change but old Lawyer Black and herself.

And so the days flew on, and on a bright and beautiful spring day May and her 'future lord' stood side by side beneath the marriage bell and were made one.

Beautiful beyond any comparison, she looked every inch a Queen, as she swept along in her wedding robes. But her cold, haughty beauty filled every one with awe, and while many looked on her with envious eyes, they were glad to rest and refresh themselves by gazing on the vision of loveliness that floated by in the person of Eva Phillips. Her face was one that no one could pass without feeling drawn toward her by love.

Her dark eyes were filled with a sympathetic look which pleased the sight, but did not chill.

And, as she leaned on George Starr's arm, with such assurance and composure, more than one pronounced them as 'fine a couple as the beautiful, haughty bride and elegant-looking groom.'

A few weeks more, and Grandma Kirtley passed beyond the pleasant earth.

Sensible to the last, 'but strangely queer,' as May afterward asserted, she left word for her will to be read 'immediately after the funeral.'

The friends and relations assembled, not expecting anything themselves, but to see the new bride and heiress and congratulate the husband on his wife's good fortune.

Grandma Kirtley had left a letter, to be read to her friends and relatives before the reading of the 'last will and testament,' but May had not come in yet, as she thought the letter was of no consequence to her; but Harry Miller was waiting at the door for her appearance.

His hat was banded with deep crape, and his elegant suit of black set off his figure to advantage.

Suddenly the lawyer's voice arrested his attention. Fixing his eyes on Mr. Black with a look the old lawyer never forgot, as he finished his remarks about the 'codicil,' he listened to the reading of the letter:

"DEAR FRIENDS: You will find, by my latest will, that I have left everything to my granddaughter, Eva Phillips.

'As many may wonder why, I will only say, as Eva has lost both lover and fortune, and May has won a lover and husband, and has never had any fortune to lose, I feel thankful to be able to place at Eva's command enough of the world's goods to partly counterbalance both losses, hoping that she will some time, in the near future, find a lover who will be true to her, and help her bear the loss of this fortune, if ever misfortune should overtake her again.

Yours,
GRANDMA KIRTLEY."

Harry exclaimed: 'It is only an April fool.' But he was soon assured that it was an 'April fool' only so far as he was concerned, and rushing frantically up stairs, startled his wife by shouting:

"You've fooled me. I'll not stand such treatment!"

He soon found that his bride was not to be dealt with in such a manner, and, after bringing her out of half a dozen 'hysterical fits,' rushed wildly off to their hotel, leaving the doctor to escort his wife.

George Starr was pleased at Eva's good fortune, but felt as if he had been 'fooled,' too.

He had planned and studied how he could make the most of the little he had, set his mind on working hard to support his little wife, that was to be, and now it seemed as if he could do nothing to show his great love for her.

Old Mr. Phillips declares 'it was the best 'April fool' he ever heard of,' and declares that 'Grandma Kirtley knew she would be buried on 'All Fools' Day,' when she ordered Lawyer Black to read the letter and will immediately after the funeral."

The Cabul outbreak, though it was the result of reckless firing begun by the British troops themselves, against Afghan soldiers who had been wronged by the withholding of their pay, provokes a howl for vengance in the enlightened city of London. One leading newspaper says that "the very least that can be done is to level the walls and citadel of Cabul, and to leave it an open city—to clear away a large portion of the inhabitants of the cut throat inhabitants, as we cleared away a portion of Delhi.' This authority further holds it to be "an act of undeserved mercy that we do not wipe the city from the face of the earth. Considering that the English Embassy had forced itself upon Cabul, and the exasperated soldiers probably looked upon it as the money power behind the Ameer, while their earned wages were refused, and finally, that the troops of the Embassy were the first to open fire, killing a large number of the people before they themselves perished, it would be rather a singular act to take revenge by wiping Cabul from the face of the earth.—*N. Y. Sun.*

When P. T. Burnum, a young man, poor and in debt, said to Judge Whittlesey; 'I will pay that bill when I get rich,' the Judge drew down his judicial features and disdainfully replied: 'That will be when a sieve holds water.' In a few years the visionary young man was in a condition to pen the following brief letter to the Judge: 'I have fixed that sieve.'

AN AMBULACE FOR ACCIDENTS.

Suddenly a loud-toned bell, audible throughout the building, strikes four, and the gates are open for a white ambulance, which a moment later is pulled up before the main entrance. 'Surgical,' a voice mutters half unconsciously behind us, and looking round we see a patient. 'Four strokes for surgical, three for medical,' he explains; and it is by the bell that the ward attendants are forewarned of the nature of ambulance cases.

The ambulance is used in nearly all cases of street accidents, some cases of disease and many casess of violent inebriety. It can be summoned by telegraph from any police station, or from any alarm box of the fire department, by tapping the Morse key twenty times and sounding the box number. It is familiar in all localities and at all hours—a covered wagon with a neatly uniformed surgeon sitting behind. Over sixteen hundred cases are attended by the ambulances of Bellevue in a year, and two surgeons are constantly employed in the service, responding to calls day and night. The alarm is received in the telegraph office on the first floor of the hospital, and thence transmitted simultaneously to the stables and the room of the surgeons, where it is announciated by nine resonant strokes on a small gong. No matter how active the doctor is, the vehicle is usually at the door before he is at the bottom of the stairs, and he has to spring for his seat behind as it rolls out of the hospital yard. It is constructed on a plan to minimize pain in carrying a sufferer to the hospital for permanent treatment, and the surgeon has with him instruments and appliances for giving temporary alleviation, such as splinting and binding a fracture, or sewing up a wound.

When we reach the yard a spring mattress moving on castor wheels has been withdrawn from the bottom of the ambulance, and placed in a slanting position between the tail-board and the ground. Under the patient, who is covered with blankets, and over the mattress, is a canvas stretcher with tubes along the sides, into which the attendants insert long poles, and 'the case' is thus carried to a cot or into the surgery without any necessary exertion or moving on his part. The ambulance surgeon is a brisk, business-like young man, and having transferred the case to the house surgeon who is now responsible for it, and given a few particulars to the clerk, he bounds up stairs to wait for another call.—*Good Company, Number One.*

PADDLING IN PRISONS.

The man who yields the paddle at Clinton prison, New York, is Hugh Fitzpatterick. He is about thirty-five years of age, and of immense size and strength. He looks like a prize ox, and certainly he seems to enjoy the work. In the summer of 1877 some of the men, having been given bad meat for dinner, carried parts of it out in their hands, to throw it away. As they were going along the gallery one of them threw a peice down into the hall, and John Clabby, a boy, who was walking behind him, followed his example, and flung down the peice he was carrying. At that moment the kitchen keeper stepped out of his room, and the piece of meat struck him. He saw Clabby throw it, and at once reported him. I think Clabby was the youngest and smallest boy who was ever sent to a State prison. He was only fifteen years of age, and his weight was about 110 pounds, but he was dragged into the guard room, lashed like a full-grown man over the block, and that giant, Fitzpaterick, paddled the little fellow nearly to death. I don't know how many blows he got, but he was laid up for several days after the flogging. When he was able to come out of his cell I asked him about the paddling, and he told me that when he felt the first blow he thought it was not the paddle. It was so heavy, and gave him such a shock, that he thought it was a rafter that had tumbled down on him from the ceiling. He was greatly frightened, and cried that the building was falling; but Fitzpaterick only laughed, and glied his paddle more vigorously than be fore. The warden of Clinton Paison had one theory, and that was that a convict was only good or to be flogged or knocked down. Under his management the punishment of paddling became shamefully common. Sometimes it was administered to a prisoner because he was caught talking in work hours but unusually the first offense of this kind was punished by putting the man's head into an iron cage, which we was compelled to wear at all times—even in bed. You may suppose that it is not possible to obtain much sleep with the head confined in such an apparatus, and I have often seen men wearing them whose faces plainly showed that they were utterly exhausted for want of rest. If this treatment was found not to have the desired effect, and the men were again caught talking, the paddle was brought into play, and the punishment, I need hardly say, was generally successful. 'I remember that in the winter of 1876 two men working in the mines were caught talking. Their heads were put into the iron cages, and they wore them for a short time, but one of them in some way obtained a key which opened both cages, and they took them off. They were wild, harum-scarum fellows, and they thought it a good joke to put the two cages on the head of Deacy, the keeper of the mine, and make him walk across the yard in view of the prisoners. They waited until he came near them; they rushed at him and endeavored to force the two cages on his head, but he struggled vigorously and shouted for assistance. Another keeper went to the rescue with a drawn revolver, and the two convicts released Deacy, whose head was slightly cut in the scuffle. The two men were taken into the guard room at once, lashed to the block, and given fifty blows each with the paddle They were then taken to their cells, and chained by the feet to the floor. The next day they were again taken into the guard room and given forty strokes each. After that they were again chained to the floors of their cells and were absolutely kept in that position for several months, having nothing to lie on except straw mattresses.

A little girl in the infant class of a Sunday-school thoroughly appreciated the difference between good from choice and from necessity. At the close of the school one day the teacher remarked, 'Beckie, dear, you have been a very good little girl to-day.' 'Yes'm, I couldn't help being good, I got a 'tiff neck,' the youthful Beckie replied with perfect seriousness.

FRIENDSHIP IN THE FAMILY.

It is undoubtedly true that, although many things that render life precious to us are found in the family, friendship, as we commonly understand it, is not often among them. They are strong ties of mutual interest and affection, based partly upon natural and instinctive feelings, partly on the habit of close and constant intercourse, and partly on the duties, responsibilities and dependencies which these relations involve. But when we look for friendship, either in its poetry and romance, its thrilling intercourse, or its sympathy of purpose and endeavor, it is usually outside not within the circle of near kindred.

Many reasons may be alleged for this, the most cogent of which is probably the blunting influence of continual familiarity. Living always together, the members of one family are kept to become monotonous and uninteresting to one another. Having had such abundant opportunity, they fancy they have entirely fathomed each other and that there is nothing more to find out. There is no longer the attraction of curiosity or the stimulus of variety. They are not vividly impressed nor do they feel able to impress in their turn. So there comes to be a tameness and insipidity about home life which is supposed to be inherent in it. The feeling of the uselessness of effort deadens effort, and a lukewarm spirit of calm good-will is all that is even aimed at. That this is the case in numerous families may be proved by the change which they experience on the arrival of any valued guest. New life and energy seem to enter with him, pervade the hitherto listless household; each one feels a new pleasure and an unwonted desire to please, which are equally exhilarating; but after his departure, they gradually sink back into the old apathetic routine. Of course the eager heart of youth especially cannot be satisfied with this: it must put out its tendrils and cling to something; it craves animated intercourse, warm sympathy, earnest purposes, strong emotions and finds them in *outside* friendships.

Now, while such attachments are not to be indiscriminately discouraged, bringing own special advantages and pleasures, it is to be sincerely deplored that friendship *inside* the home are so exceedingly rare, and that the young are so generally growing up in the idea that they are impossible. There are, of course, many honorable exceptions to this, where not only husband and wife have been life-long and devoted friends, but also parents and children, brothers and sisters. Yet the careful preservation of these instances, and the extreme respect accorded to them, proves their comparative rarity. Probably each of us can recall a few such cases, which stand out in bold relief against the multitudes of households who consider themselves highly blessed if they only succeed in avoiding contention and preserving a tolerable civility among one another.

Yet it would seem as if nearly all the materials for earnest and steadfast friendship might be found within a circle already joined by bonds of instinctive affection and mutual interest. There is sufficient similarity of taste, purpose and position, to win sympathy; and there is sufficient variety of age, sex and circumstances, to prevent monotony. There is every opportunity for elevating a natural fondness into loftier affection, for developing the germs of respect and love into the rich

The Columbian.

G. R. ELWELL, Editor
J. K. BITTENBENDER, Publisher.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, Oct. 3, 1879.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
DANIEL O. BARR,
OF PITTSBURGH.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR SHERIFF,
A. K. SMITH,

FOR CORONER,
I. K. DILDINE.

FOR JURY COMMISSIONER,
ELI ROBBINS.

Democratic Standing Committee.

Bloomsburg E.—David Lowenberg, Chairman.
" W.—G. A. Clark, Secretary.
Beaver—James T. Fox.
Benton—Rohr McHenry.
Berwick Bor.—Wm. T. Snyder.
Briarcreek—M. L. Houseknecht.
Catawissa—M. V. B. Kline.
Centralia Bor.—P. P. Burke.
Centre—Edward Hartman.
Conyngham N.—Patrick Brennan.
" S.—John Monroe.
Fishingcreek—S. C. Creveling.
Franklin—Wm. Rohrbach.
Greenwood—A. J. Derr.
Hemlock—N. P. Moore.
Jackson—Iram Derr.
Locust—Geo. Knittle.
Madison—Wm. Gingles.
Main—J. R. Nuss.
Mifflin—D. H. Montgomery.
Montour—Beneville Rhodes.
Mt. Pleasant—John Mordan.
Orange—O. A. Mergargell.
Pine—John P. Fowler.
Roaringcreek—John Mowrer.
Scott South—John Kressler.
Sugarloaf—A. J. Hess.
Scott North—Jacob Terwilliger.

Vigilance Committees.

BLOOM EAST.
Paul E. Wirt.
J. B. Casey.
Amurth Noble.
James Leanon.
John Yost.
Peter Sobeder.
Hugh Buckingham.
Charles Hassert.

BLOOM WEST.
R. R. Little.
Elias Furman.
William Barrett.
G. W. Sterner.

BENTON TOWNSHIP.
Charles Gibbons, Samuel Appleman, T. B. Cole.

BERWICK.
A. D. Seely,
F. S. Hunt,
David Gross.

CENTRALIA.
D. F. Curry,
Owen Cain.

CONYNGHAM NORTH.
Thomas Chapman,
Charles McGuire.

CONYNGHAM SOUTH.
John P. Hannon,
Jas. Monaghan.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

The members of the Standing Committee elected by the people in their respective districts have important duties to perform. Neglect or failure on their part prevents thorough organization and entails a heavy loss. It is all important that they should select Vigilance Committees for their districts *at once*, and report their names to the Chairman. *The men chosen should be the most active and intelligent who will serve. Work* and not *compliments* are demanded. See that every man is duly assessed, properly registered, and has paid his taxes. The registry books are now in the proper places. Delay in such matters is folly, and so to work at once.

D. LOWENBERG,
Chairman.

THE SUPREME JUDGESHIP.

The vacancy on the supreme bench of the State, caused by the death of Judge Woodward, has enabled almost every county in the State to discover that some one of its distinguished lawyers would be the proper man for the position. Williamsport presented two candidates for the appointment Judge Linn, and William H. Armstrong. Wilkes Barre had Judge Harding and Stanley Woodward, the latter a cousin of the deceased Judge, and son of the late Chief Justice Woodward, Judge Agnew was spoken of, also Thayer of Philadelphia, Pearson of Dauphin, Livingston of Lancaster, Williams of Tioga and Hall of Bedford. The Governor has put an end to all speculation on the subject by the appointment of Hon. Henry Green of Northampton. The Harrisburg *Patriot* says :

"Mr. Green, bears the reputation of being an able lawyer while he is a man of the highest probity of character. The design of the new constitution is to maintain as nearly as possible the political equilibrium in the supreme court by proving that when two judges are to be elected for the same term of service each voter shall vote for only one, and when three are to be chosen he shall vote for no more than two. Under this provision Judge Woodward was elected at the same time with Judge Paxson. But there is no way of making this provision binding on a governor when he fills a vacancy caused by death. As Mr. Green is an extremely moderate republican Gov. Hoyt has adhered to the spirit of the constitution as much as his party predictions and obligations would permit. In appointing a republican successor of a democratic supreme judge he has not imitated the example of party conventions by the choice of an extreme partisan. The appointment is one which we have no doubt will prove entirely acceptable to the people of the state."

A MISTAKE.

The following paragraph has been going the rounds of the papers.

Columbia County Democrats resoluted at their recent Convention in favor of Tilden.

The Columbia County democrats did nothing of the kind. No resolutions in favor of Tilden were adopted nor were resolutions of any other kind offered or passed. Our Convention was held August 12th, its business was transacted and the convention adjourned without wasting any time in passing resolutions a year in advance.

Jefferson Davis having promptly and positively declined the United States Senatorship from Mississippi, to which he was nominated by some of the leading republican editors of the north, they have now taken the liberty of presenting him as a democratic candidate for vice president. Their method of warfare is to set up some sort of a rag man and then proceed with great vigor to knock the stuffing out of him.

THE INTERNATIONAL RACE.

At one o'clock last week Monday morning the fifth contest for the Astly belt began in Madison Square garden, New York City. The belt is the gift of Sir John Astly, of England and in order to be retained must be won three times in succession, when it becomes the property of the winner forever. O'Leary won it twice, in the third race it was wrested from him by Rowell, the Englishman, from whom it was captured in London last June by Weston, the American. Aside from its intrinsic value which is about $500, it represents the championship of the world for long distance walking.

Following is a list of the contestants, as entered for the race.

Chas. Rowell, of Chesterton, Cambridge, England; Edward Payson Weston, of New York; Geo. Hazael, of London, England; Peter J. Panchot, of Buffalo, N. Y; Frank H. Hart, of Boston; Norman Taylor, of Vermont; John Ennis, of Chicago; Hiram Jackson, of New Bedford; Wm. Dutcher, of N. Y; Samuel Merritt, of N. Y; Geo. Guyon, Chicago; L. P. Federmyer of California; Fred Krohne, of N. Y.

Dutcher gave out the first day, Panchot walked until Wednesday when he succumbed, Jackson failed on Thursday. The race ended on Saturday night at nine o'clock, Rowell winning the belt. The score was as follows: Rowell made 530 miles, Merritt 515, Hazael 500, Hart 482, Guyon 471, Weston 455, Ennis 450, Krohne 450, Taylor 250.

The total receipts at the gate was over $73,000, and the expenses &c, reduced it to about $45,000, of which Rowell pockets one-half, the balance to be distributed amongst the other walkers in proportion to the distance walked by them, as Sir John Astley shall direct.

Weston, who made 550 miles in London recently, came in sixth. It is probable that there will be another match soon in England when Weston or some other American will win, so as to give Rowell a chance to come back here and capture the belt and $50,000.

This shuttle cock business will be kept up just as long as the people will continue to patronize such shows. It pays a man to carry his brains in his heels now-a-days.

Civil Rights.

Some weeks ago the School Board of Williamsport refused to admit colored children indiscriminately into the public schools, in accordance with the opinion of James Wood Solicitor. A few days ago Nathan Morgan, Abington Harris and James A. Payne, three colored residents, appeared before United States Commissioner B. S. Bentley and swore out a warrant for the arrest of Superintendent Fraseau, Mary P. Brown, a teacher, and the entire Board of directors, consisting of twenty-five members, for a violation of the United States laws by unlawfully resisting their execution and refusing admittance of colored children to the schools in the Fifth ward on account of race. The warrant was served on the accused by a Deputy United States Marshal, who released them at once upon their recognizance, to appear before the Commissioner on Monday morning last at 10 o'clock. After the hearing Commissioner Bentley stated that he supposed the information was intended to be against the parties therein named as composing the school board of the city of Williamsport—with the exception of S. Transeau, superintendent, and Miss Piatt, a teacher in the public schools. But so far as any evidence in the case was concerned, nothing had been offered showing that any of the parties named in the information were members of the school board, or that said board had ever passed upon the question, or had anything to do with the matter in any way. There was no testimony showthat any of the parties named, with the exception of Mr. Foresman, had any knowledge whatever, individually or officially, of what had been done in the premises. The case was argued in the afternoon, and the commissioner dismissed the complaint.

Deadwood In Ashes.

A FEARFULLY DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

THE ENTIRE BUSINESS PORTION OF THE CITY DESTROYED.

At 2 o'clock a fire broke out on the morning of the 26th ult. at Deadwood in the bakery on Sherman street, and the flames spreading rapidly almost the entire business portion of the city was consumed. Thousands of people have been made homeless and left in a destitute condition. The loss is roughly estimated at from $1,500,000 to $2,000,000, on which there is little or no insurance.

The fire was fanned by a light breeze with nothing to combat it but a small and inefficient fire department. The fire spread with such wonderful rapidity that any attempt at saving anything would have been useless. All along its course terrific explosions of gunpowder, petroleum, liquor, &c., were of frequent occurrence. Many buildings were blown into atoms. The hook and ladder and hose carriages were the first thing to burn, leaving nothing but a few feet of worthless hose with which to battle against the devouring elements. The new water works were tried for the first time the day before and they were put to their full capacity with little success in subduing the flames, on account of the scarcity of water. The hillsides were almost a solid sheet of flame. Hundreds of people escaped with only their night clothes. Every team within miles of the city was called into service to help save what could be got out. There are probably about two thousand people who are homeless, and many destitute. About 125 buildings, besides fifty or sixty dwellings were destroyed. While it is utterly impossible to get any definite figures regarding the lose, well posted business men place it from one and one half to two millions.

TRYING TO DUPE.—The policy of the Radicals in counties where they are hopeless to elect one of their candidates on a fair contest is to foment strife among the Democrats, by urging defeated candidates of that party for a nomination to bolt and run independently, promising them their support. They have succeeded in Columbia and a few other counties in inducing Democrats to run independent of the regular ticket. But any Democrat who is so shallow as to put faith in their promises will in the end find himself duped. The sole object aimed at in all this political chicane is to get the Democrats divided, and the Radicals will then poll a solid vote for their own candidate and elect him. Democrats should guard against falling into any such trap.—*Danville Intelligencer.*

GOVERNOR ROBINSON ACCEPTS.—Governor Robinson has written a letter accepting the renomination of the Syracuse Democratic convention, and says that he considers it an approval of the earnest effort he has made to uphold the supremacy of the constitution and laws, and to reform the abuses of government. He will address himself vigorously to the campaign and means to fight Tammany to the bitter end.

The Fall Elections.

Suppose the Republicans should carry the remaining State elections this fall. It does not by any means follow that they will have a majority on the popular vote, or that the Presidential contest will be materially affected by such a result. Of course success would increase their confidence for the time being and encourage their hopes for the future. The leaders find comfort in very slight blessings.

Maine has been a Republican State since the organization of the party, and has always been reckoned with as much confidence on that side as Kentucky has been on the other. Last year divisions and discontent led to a defeat of the machine, by a combination between the Greenbackers and the Democrats. This year the Republicans partially recovered their lost ground. That is to say, they have regained the Legislature which elects the Governor and other State officers, there having been no choice by the people.

But the old-fashioned majority of ten or twelve thousand, which hardly wavered for more than twenty years, has wholly disappeared, and the Republicans are in a minority, small, it is true, but still a minority of the popular vote. And this is the result after an unexampled canvass, the expenditure of a very large sum of money, the open purchase of votes in the cities, and a resort to every form of trickery known to unscrupulous politicians. Yet Mr. Blaine had the cheerful effrontery to claim a great victory, when barely saved by the skin of his teeth from ignominious defeat.

Ohio is a close State, which may go either way now without any special significance as bearing on the Presidential contest in 1880. A Republican Governor was elected in California a few weeks ago, known to be in sympathy with the mighty corporation that has long ruled the State and to which a great majority of the people are opposed. The Central Pacific managers knew how to divide their opponents and thus conquer.

The fall elections will settle nothing, and may foreshadow very little, as far as the Presidential question is concerned. The events of the approaching session of Congress will shape that question long before the two National Conventions meet, and will shape it in a way to leave little doubt as to the final issue. The programme of the Republican stalwarts is to force a sectional campaign and to nominate Grant as its exponent. If the Democrats are weak or foolish enough to fall into this trap they will deserve to be beaten. If they are wise and know how to profit by a dearly purchased experience, the way to the White House is open before them.

It may be necessary to run out of the old ruts, and it is indispensable to discard Bourbonism. One thing above all others must be borne in mind if success is desired. The Democratic candidate in his own person, by his antecedents, and by his recognized character, should give the country assurance that in the event of his election there would be an end to sectional agitation.

No other sort of candidate can hope to win, and it is better that that fact should be clearly understood now than when it may be too late.—*N. Y. Sun.*

Change the Scene and Suppose.

Mr. George Truman was a republican and an officeholder. He was brutally assaulted on the highway, maimed and murdered There does not seem to be a palliating circumstance, unless drink be so regarded.

Suppose this murder had happened in Mississippi, which is not entirely free from social disorders. what interpretation would have been put upon it? Would there or wouldn't there have been ingenious theories spun out to show that a Republican's life was not safe in that region?

Then suppose the affair had been kept dark for a week, though a policeman was on the spot when the murder was committed, what order would the bloody shirt press of the North take on that dark lantern administration of justice?

But Mr. Truman was a Republican, in Republican Philadelphia, and nobody would be fool enough to try to give the crime any political importance.—*Chronicle-Herald.*

What Senator Bruce Says of the Freedmen's Bank Investigation.

The *Evening Star* of the 25th ult, publishes an interview with Senator Bruce, chairman of the Senate Committee to Investigate the Affairs of the Freedmen's Bank, in which the Senator is reported to have said that, inasmuch as he was the only member of the committee at present in the city, he felt constrained to keep a padlock on his mouth. "But," said he, "when we do make our report there will be startling revelations which I cannot now speak of. Now, there is one great trouble I find our experts have in balancing the books, and that is that just when they reach that point which ought to lead to some important developments, they find that three or four pages of the ledger are torn out. What I want to do is to induce Congress to buy the Freedmen's Bank building and the property up to the corner of Sixteenth street. If such a sale can be effected I will guarantee that an additional dividend of twenty per cent. will be paid to the bank's creditors. Thirty per cent. has been already paid. Fifty per cent. is all I think ever will be paid. What ought to be done by Congress is to buy the building and discharge the three Commissioners who have for years been drawing a salary of $2,000 per year.

The Harrisburg *Patriot* of the 1st inst says:

The democratic difficulties in Columbia county have been adjusted by the withdrawal of one of the candidates for sheriff.

There is but one democratic candidate for sheriff and that is A. K. Smith, who received the nomination of the party fairly and squarely, and against whom no charge of any kind have been made to the contrary. One defeated candidate for nomination in the convention, has been talking of running as an independent. If he has withdrawn we are glad to hear it for his own sake.

Important to Voters.

The next election in Pennsylvania will be held on Tuesday, the 4th of November.

Voters who have not paid a state or county tax within two years next preceding the election (except such as are between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years), must pay such tax one month preceding the election, that is, on or before Saturday, October 4.

Failure to pay tax in season deprives the voter of the privilege of suffrage. If an elector have paid a state or county tax within two years next preceding the election, or if he be between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, he can secure his vote by making proper proofs to the election board by his own affidavit and that of a qualified voter of his precinct, though he be not registered.

Members of democratic state, county and city committees should see to it that every voter of our party complies with the law.

Sept, 12, 3w.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

SELLERS' COUGH SYRUP!

50 Years Before the Public.

Pronounced by all to be the most **Pleasant** and **efficacious** remedy in use, for the **cure of coughs, colds, croup, hoarseness**, tickling sensation of the throat, whooping cough, etc. **OVER A MILLION BOTTLES SOLD WITHIN THE LAST FEW YEARS.** It gives relief wherever used, and has the power to impart benefit that cannot be had from the cough **mixtures** now in use. Sold by all Druggists at **25** cents per bottle.

SELLERS' LIVER PILLS are also highly recommended for curing liver complaint, constipation, sick-headaches, fever and ague, and all diseases of the stomach and liver. Sold by all Druggists at **25** cents per box.

R. E. Sellers & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa
oct 3, '79-1y.

THE DAVIS.

THE LATEST IS THE BEST.

The Greatest Sewing Machine of the Age

Don't fail to see this wonderful piece of perfection, the New Davis Vertical Feed Shuttle Sewing Machine, Manufactured at Watertown, New York.
Will be on exhibition at the Bloomsburg fair ground during the fair.
All are cordially invited to call and inspect the New Machine and obtain samples of work, more beautiful and desirable than ever before accomplished and utterly impossible for any other to duplicate.

Thousands witnessing the immense range of work, and discarding their old machines for the NEW MACHINE, is sufficient proof of its superiority and bring for the DAVIS a trade that runs the factory to its fullest capacity.

The Vertical Feed,

Which supercedes the under feed, is the hinge upon which swings the UNPARALLELED SUCCESS,

Composed of only 13 Working Parts,

while others have from forty to seventy-five, making the least complicated, the most durable and most reliable machine in use.

It positively leads all others, DOING AWAY with all basting, and is the LIGHTEST RUNNING SHUTTLE MACHINE IN THE WORLD! and gives general satisfaction. Will be sold at the recent popular REDUCED SCALE OF PRICES. Samples of work free.

J. SALTZER, Gen'l Agent,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

oct. 3, '79-1y.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

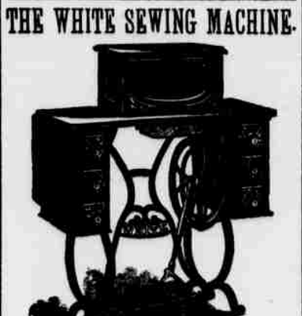
STOMACH BITTERS

Diseases, like thieves, attack the weak. Fortify your organization with the Bitters, and it will resist and baffle alike the virus of epidemics and the changes of temperature which disorder the constitutions of the feeble. There is vitality in it. It is a pure vegetable stimulant, a rare alterative and antibilious medicine, and has not a harmful element among its many ingredients.

For sale by all Druggists and respectable Dealers generally.

Oct 3, 1y.

THE WHITE SEWING MACHINE.



Whereas, the world renowned reputation of the

White Sewing Machine

induces many unscrupulous competitors to resort to all kinds of mean tricks to injure its reputation, we beg to caution all intending purchasers not to buy a

WHITE MACHINE

except from its regular authorized dealers, who will be sustained by the following warranty.

WE WARRANT THE NATURAL WEAR AND TEAR OF THE

White Shuttle Sewing Machine,

PLATE NUMBER **103339** FOR FAMILY PURPOSES, AND HEREBY AGREE TO KEEP THE SAME IN REPAIR FOR THE TERM OF **FIVE YEARS** FROM THIS DATE, FREE OF CHARGE.

This warranty excepts the breakage of needles, bobbins and shuttles.

This warranty will not be sustained unless the plate number above given corresponds with the number on the shuttle race slide. Beware of defaced or altered numbers.

WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.

The "WHITE" Shuttle Sewing Machine

Has GREATER CAPACITY than any other family Sewing Machine for doing every variety of work.

J. SALTZER, General Agent,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Oct. 3, '79 1y.

$1500 TO $6000 A YEAR, or $5 to $20 a day in your own locality. No risk. Women do as well as men. Many make more than the amount stated above. No one can fail to make money fast. Any one can do the work. You can make from 50 cents to $2 an hour by devoting your evenings and spare time to the business. It costs nothing to try the business. Nothing like it for money making ever offered before. Business pleasant and strictly honorable. Reader, if you want to know all about the best paying business before the public, send us your address and we will send you full particulars and private terms free; samples worth $5 also free; you can then make up your mind for yourself. Address GEORGE STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. oct. 3, '79-1y

JOB PRINTING
OF EVERY DESRIPTION
EXECUTED PROMPTLY
AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of an Alias order of the Orphans Court of Columbia county, Pennsylvania, the undersigned Administrators of Jacob Harter, late of Mifflin township, Columbia county deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises on

Saturday, November 1st, 1879,

at ten o'clock in the forenoon the following valuable real estate, to-wit: All that certain tract or two tracts of land situate in Mifflin township, Columbia county aforesaid. No. 1, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a corner in road by land of Jacob Hons thence south seventy-seven degrees west thirty-five and five-tenth perches, thence by land of Christopher Hertong north thirteen degrees west one hundred and fifty-three and one-tenth perches to a stone, thence by land of J. H. Hetler north eighty-five degrees west twenty-two and five-tenth perches to a public road leading from Mifflinville to Conyngham, thence north thirteen degrees west twelve and two-tenth perches, thence by land of S. H. Swank north seventy-seven degrees east fifty-seven and five-tenth perches, thence by land of Elizabeth Lutz south thirteen degrees east one hundred and seventy-two and one-tenth perches to the place of beginning, containing

FORTY ACRES

and sixty-three perches strict measure.

No. 2. Beginning at a stone by land of Henry Hetler, thence south twelve degrees east thirty-four and two-tenth perches to a stone, thence by mountain land north seventy-eight degrees east twenty-three and four-tenth perches to a stone, thence by land of S. H. Swank north twelve degrees west thirty-four and two-tenth perches to a stone, thence by land of Jacob Hons south seventh-eight degrees west twenty-three and four tenth perches to the place of beginning, containing

FIVE ACRES

strict measure with the appurtenances.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale, and the remaining three fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

J. H. HETLER,
J. H. HARTER,
C. W. MILLER, Atty. Administrators.
Oct. 3, ts.

EXECUTORS' SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!!

The undersigned Executors of Joshua Brink, late of Benton township, Columbia county, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises in Benton township, on

Saturday, October 25th, 1879,

at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the following described property: Bounded on the west by lands of the estate of Montgomery Cole deceased, and lands of John Swartwout, on the south by lands of J. F. Chapin, on the east by lands of J. F Chapin and James Lunger and on the north by lands of James Lunger and the estate of M. Cole deceased, containing

82 ACRES.

90 perches, whereon is erected a

Frame House and Frame Barn,

now occupied by Joshua J. Brink.

Terms made known on day of sale.

I. K. KRICKBAUM,
WILLIAM BRINK,
oct. 3, 4w, Executors.

EXECUTORS' SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!!

The undersigned Executors of Philip Shultz, late of Benton township, Columbia county deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises in Benton township on

Tuesday, October 28th, 1879,

at ten o'clock in the forenoon the following described real estate, to-wit: Beginning at a post at a corner on the Luzerne county line thence along land of Elias Shultz north thirty-three and one-half degrees west one hundred and sixty-seven and seven tenths perches to a post, thence along land of D. C Moss one and one-half degrees, east eighty-six and two tenths perches to a corner formerly a white oak, thence along lands of Samuel Wilson and John Wells north eighty-eight and one-half degrees east one hundred and thirty-four perches to a post, thence along land of James Wilson north eighty-two and one-half degrees east forty-five and eight-tenths perches to a post on Luzerne county line, thence along said county line south eight and one-half degrees west ninety-six and four-tenth perches to a post, the place of beginning, containing

NINETY ACRES,

sixty-two perches and allowances, forty-five acres of which are in good state of cultivation, whereon is erected two

Frame Dwelling Houses,

frame barn, and out-buildings. There is a good spring of water, a good bearing APPLE ORCHARD, and other fruit trees on the premises.

Terms made known on day of sale

I. K. KRICKBAUM,
DANIEL SHULTZ,
Executors.

Oct 3, ts.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF CATHARINE PEALER DECEASED.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned appointed an Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to make distribution of the funds in the hands of the Administrator of decedent, will attend at his office in Bloomsburg, on Thursday the 6th day of November A. D. 1879, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of his said appointment, when and where all persons having claims upon the said fund are required to present them, properly authenticated, or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
Auditor.

Oct. 3, 4w.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JOHN BOYER, DECEASED.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Court of Columbia Co., to make distribution of the money in the hands of the Administrators, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Bloomsburg, on Monday November 3, 1879, at 10 o'clock A. M. at which time and place all parties interested must appear, present and prove their claims or be debarred from a share of said fund.

B. FRANK ZARR,
Auditor,
Oct. 3, ts.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF BENJAMIN MILLER DECEASED.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the money in the hands of the Administrators to and among the parties entitled thereto, will attend at his office in Bloomsburg, on Tuesday the 11th day of November A. D.,1879, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of his said appointment, when and where all persons having any claims upon the said fund are required to present them, properly authenticated, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
Auditor.

Oct. 3, 79-4w.

SUBSCRIBE NOW
—FOR THE—
COLUMBIAN,
ONLY 25 CENTS
FOR THREE MONTHS,
UNTIL JANUARY 1st, 1880.

TERMS, $2.00 A YEAR.

$1 50 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE,

ONE MILLION
WINTER-FLOWERING
Plants and Bulbs
Apply by letter for "Special Low Priced List," in which will be found Instructions for Culture.
Peter Henderson & Co.
35 Cortlandt Street, New York.

oct 3, 4w. ald

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADMINISTRATORS' SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!!

By virtue of an alias order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned administrator of Hiram Lunger, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises in Sugarloaf township, Columbia county, Pa., on

Saturday, October 25th, 1879,

at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the undivided one-half interest in certain real estate situate in Sugarloaf township in said county, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a white oak, corner of Westers' land, thence by other land of Joshua Brink north 80 degrees west 112⅝ perches to a post, thence by said land north 35 degrees west 55 perches to a chestnut tree, thence north 60 degrees west 70 perches to a post, thence by land of Montgomery Cole south 74 degrees west 82 perches to a post; thence by land of said Joshua Brink south 45¾ degrees, east 44 perches to a post, thence by said land south 24 degrees, west 39 perches to a post, thence by said land south 40¾ degrees, east 61 perches to a post by a public road, thence south 70 degrees east 62¾ perches to a post, thence by land of the estate of William McKelvy north 61¼ degrees east, 32 perches to the place of beginning, containing

85 Acres, and 65 Perches,

on which is erected a

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

barn, and out-buildings, good orchard and good water.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent at the confirmation of sale and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

A. J. HESS,
Administrator.
October 3, '79-ts Central P. O.

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

The undersigned Executors of Jacob Leiby late of Montour township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased, will expose to public sale at the late residence of said Jacob Leiby, situate along the public road leading from Bloomsburg to Danville, on

Tuesday, October 21st, 1879,

beginning at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the following described valuable real estate, viz:

All that certain messuage and tract of land situate in Montour township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: beginning at a stone corner in line of land of M. S. Appleman and running thence by lands of said M. S. Appleman and David Mauser south seventy-two and a half degrees west, one hundred and fifty and three tenth perches to a stone in line of land of Wm. P. Mauser, thence by land of said Wm. P. Mauser, south eighteen degrees east one hundred and one-tenth perches to a corner of land of William Lazarus thence by land of said Wm. Lazarus north eighty-one and three-eighth degrees east fifty-two and eight-tenth perches to a stone, thence by same south thirty-three and three-fourth degrees east ten and four-tenth perches to a stone, thence by same south six and three-quarter degrees east twenty-six perches to a stone in line of land of Philip Krumm, thence by land of said Philip Krumm, Levi Thomas and Polly Lynn north eighty and one-quarter degrees east fifty-six perches to a stone corner of land of Jackson Leiby, thence by lands of said Jackson Leiby and other land of the estate of said Jacob Leiby, decd, north two and a quarter degrees west, one hundred and fifty-seven and four-tenth perches to the place of beginning, containing

105 ACRES,

and fifty-four perches, less three acres and sixty-four perches, belonging to the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company whose road runs through said farm, leaving one hundred and one acres and one hundred and fifty perches of land neat measure, on which is a

GOOD HOUSE,

barn and out-buildings, a good orchard, good spring and a well of water at the barn, and the land is in a good state of cultivation and convenient to good markets.

ALSO, One other messuage and tract of land situate in township, county and state aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone corner in line of land of M. S. Appleman and running thence by other land of the estate of said Jacob Leiby, deceased, south two and one-quarter degrees east, one hundred and twenty-three and six-tenth perches to a stone, corner of land of Jackson Leiby, thence by lands of said Jackson Leiby and William P. and David Mauser north eighty and one-quarter degrees east one hundred and fourteen perches to a white oak, corner of land of M. S. Appleman, thence by land of said M. S. Appleman north seventeen and a half degrees west one hundred and thirty-four and six-tenth perches to a stone in a public road leading from Bloomsburg to Danville and thence by land of M. S. Appleman south seventy-two and a half degrees west eighty and four-tenth perches to the place of beginning, containing

77 ACRES,

and sixty-six perches, less two acres and twenty-five perches belonging to the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company, whose road runs through said farm, leaving seventy-five acres and forty-one perches of land neat measure. Said land is in a good state of cultivation and convenient to good markets, there are on the premises a

GOOD HOUSE, BARN, & OUT-BUILDINGS

good spring, well of water at the barn and a good orchard.

ALSO, All that certain messuage and lot of ground situate in the township, county and state aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone in the public road leading from Bloomsburg to Danville, and running thence along line of land of Jeremiah Beaver north nineteen and a half degrees west ten perches to a stone in line of land of Henry Lazarus, thence by land of said Henry Lazarus north eighty-one and a half degrees east eight perches to a stone in line of land of William P. Mauser, thence by land of said William P. Mauser south nineteen and one-quarter degrees east ten perches to a stone in aforesaid public road and thence by said road south eighty-one and a half degrees west eight perches to the place of beginning, containing

78 and SIX-TENTH SQUARE PERCHES

of land, on which are a dwelling house, blacksmith shop, stable and out-buildings.

ALSO, All that certain tract of woodland situate in the township, county and state aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: beginning at a stone in line of land of Philip Foust, and running thence by land of Eat & Brockway north sixteen and one-quarter degrees west eighteen and five-tenth perches to a chestnut oak, thence by land of Michael Steckroth north twenty-two and a half degrees west twenty-three and eight tenth perches to a chestnut oak, thence by the same and land of Peter Heimbach north fifty-seven and three-quarter degrees east, fifty-three and eight-tenth perches to a post, thence by lands of said Peter Heimbach and Philip Foust south ten and three-quarter degrees east, fifty-nine and seven-tenth perches to stones thence by land of said Philip Foust south eighty-two and a half degrees west, twenty-three and two-tenth perches to a post by the side of a public road and thence by the same south seventy-three and a quarter degrees west nineteen and three-tenth perches to the place of beginning, containing

14 ACRES,

and thirty-six perches, neat measure.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, one-fourth less the ten per cent. on the first day of April 1880, when possession is to be given, and the remaining three-fourths in two equal annual payments with interest from the first day of April 1880, payable annually.

Wm. P. MAUSER,
JOHN LEIBY, Executors.
MILLER & BARKLEY, Attorneys.
octo 3, 79-ts

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JAMES THORNTON, DECEASED. M. P. LUTZ, EXECUTOR.

Account confirmed September 8, 1879. Mr. Freeze moves the Court to appoint an Auditor to distribute the funds in the hands of the Executor to and among parties entitled thereto, whereupon Charles G. Barkley isappointed. BY THE COURT,

The Auditor in pursuance of the foregoing appointment, will attend to the duties thereof at his office in Bloomsburg on Wednesday the 5 day of November next at ten o'clock A. M., when and where all parties interested will present their claims or be debarred from coming in on said funds.

C. G. BARKLEY,
Auditor.
Oct. 3, 79-4s.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE SALE OF THE REAL ESTATE OF THE MASONIC ASSOCIATION OF CATAWISSA, SOLD JULY 7, 1879, BY THE SHERIFF. } Court of Common Pleas of Columbia co.

And now Sept. 4, 1879, on motion of Messrs. Freeze, Miller and Buckalew Attorneys for creditors the Court appoint S. Knorr, Esq., Auditor to make distribution of the proceeds in the hands of the Court. BY THE COURT,

The Auditor in pursuance of the foregoing appointment, will attend to the duties thereof at his office in Bloomsburg on Friday the 7th day of November next at ten o'clock A. M., when and where all parties interested will present their claims or be debarred from coming in on said funds.

SAMUEL KNORR,
Auditor.
Oct. 3 79-4s.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

ESTATE OF MARGARET R. SMITH, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Margaret R. Smith, late of Madison twp., Columbia co., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to undersigned Administrators. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to make prompt payment.

H. J. SMITH,
A. C. SMITH,
sept 26, 6w. Administrators.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PRACTICE ECONOMY
—IN THE—
PURCHASE OF DRY GOODS,
BY DEALING DIRECTLY WITH
STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER.

In no other way can
THE CONSUMER
Approach so closely to
THE PRODUCER.

We are showing
500 STYLES DRESS GOODS,
Having a wide range of prices.
IN LOW PRICE FABRICS,
We mention

SOFT-WOOL CASHMERES	12½c.
EXTRA CASHMERES	15 c.
MOMIE CLOTHS	20 c.
OMBRE CASHMERES	25 c.
OMBRE CHEVRONS	25 c.
ALL-WOOL CHEVIOTS	31 c.
ENGLISH CHEVRONS	37½c.
FRENCH CASHMERES	45 c.

And hundreds of other styles within the same range of prices. We have about 400 PIECES.

Beautiful FOREIGN NOVELTIES AT ONE DOLLAR.

Comprising

CORDUROYS,	FOULE MELANGE,
PERINS,	MOSAIQUES,
ARMURS,	SHAWL EFFECTS,
MOMIE EFFECTS,	SILK & WOOL GLACE,
CAMEL'S HAIR FOULE	&c., &c., &c.,

ALL-WOOL FRENCH PLAIDS,
In new effects,
FROM 20 cts. to $1.25.
BLACK CASHMERES & MERINOES.

We invite especial attention to the great advantages we offer in these goods. Our sales are so immense that we have unusual facilities in contracting for them.

Keeping no inferior goods, we begin with a good quality.

ALL-WOOL FRENCH BLACK CASHMERE, at 40 cents
And advance regularly 5 cents per yard.
OUR 75 CENT NUMBER
Is having an immense sale.
We offer a good quality
LUPIN'S BLACK CASHMERE, at 50 cents,
LUPIN'S BLACK MERINO, at 45 cents.

Our immense purchases last spring
IN BLANKETS,
Enable us to extend opportunities to purchasers not to be found elsewhere.

BLANKETS

at	$1.00	at	$4.00
at	$2.25	at	$4.75
at	$2.50	at	$4.90
at	$3.75	at	$5.00
at	$3.00	at	$6.00
at	$3.25	at	$6.50
at	$3.50	at	$7.00

at	$4.00	at	$5.50
at	$4.75	at	$7.00
at	$4.90	at	$9.00
at	$5.00	at	$12.00
at	$6.00	at	$12.00
at	$6.50	at	$14.00
at	$7.00	at	$16.00

We name
OUR $4.90 BLANKETS
As being the largest and best blanket ever offered at the price. The weight is nearly seven pounds.
CRIB BLANKETS
From $1.25 to $5.00.
COMFORTABLES.
We have on sale
80 CASES OF THE BEST GOODS
It is possible to produce. They are all
Made from the best { CALICOES, CRETONNES, SERGES, IMPORTED CHINTZES.
Filled with pure white cotton, and equal to the best possible home-made
We shall offer them

at	$1.25	at	$1.50

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1879

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train,.....		7.38A. M.
Mail Train	7.38 A. M	4.48 P. M
Fast Train	12.00 M.	11.45 A.M
Express Train	6.56 P. M.	

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH
Accommodation Train	6.38 A. M.	7.36 P. M.
Regular Express	4.06 P. M.	11.45 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

STAGE LINES.

CAMBRA AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leave Cambra Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6:30 a. m., arrive at Bloomsburg by 11:30 a. m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail.

BLOOMSBURG AND LAIRDSVILLE.—Leave Lairdsville Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7:30 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg by 12 m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail. The stage line terminates at Millville.

Benton and Bloomsburg.—A daily stage line leaving Benton in the morning and returning in the evening of the same day.

MAIL ROUTES.

WHITE HALL AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leave White Hall Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:30 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg by 10 a. m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail.

BENTON AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leaves Benton Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg at 2 p. m. Leaves Bloomsburg Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 a. m., arriving at Benton at 2 p. m.

PUBLIC SALES.

A. J. Hess, administrator of Hiram Lunger, deceased, will sell valuable real estate Saturday, Oct. 25, on premises in Sugarloaf twp.

John Leiby & Wm. P. Mouser, executors of Jacob Leiby, deceased, will sell valuable real estate on premises in Montour twp ,on Oct. 21.

J. H. Hetler, & J. H. Harter, administrators of Jacob Harter, deceased, will sell valuable real estate on premises in Mifflin twp., on Nov. 1.

I. K. Kriekbaum, & Wm. Brink, executors of Joshua Brink, deceased, will sell valuable real estate on premises in Benton, twp., on Oct. 25.

I. K. Kriekbaum, & Daniel Shultz, executors of Philip Shultz, deceased, will sell valuable real estate on premises in Benton twp., on Oct. 28.

See advertisements in another column.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Notwithstanding the change in this office as announced last week, the dates on the papers showing up to what time each one has paid, will remain as before, and all payments on subscription will be applied to back accounts the same as though no change had occurred, unless otherwise specially directed by the person making payment. In this way there will be no confusion and everybody will know from the slips on their paper each week, for what time they are indebted. We sincerely hope, and earnestly request, that all who have not paid up to October 1st 1879, will do so soon, as Brockway & Elwell desire their accounts to be settled at as early a day as possible. From the numerous changes that have taken place in the COLUMBIAN in the past eight years we are aware that many people think that whenever a change occurs, they are going to be sued by somebody. We desire to dispel this impression and assure our subscribers that they need fear nothing of the kind, as no suits will be brought except in a few cases of those who are several years in arrears, and show no disposition to pay. In such cases the names will be stricken from the lists and accounts collected unless paid within a reasonable time.

Judge Krickbaum was in town on Tuesday.

Miss Sarah Derrickson spent last Sunday in town with friends.

"Leaves have their time to fall" and it is drawing near.

A large crowd attended the sale of the property of George Risewick, deceased, yesterday.

There will be services as usual at the Episcopal church next Sunday.

E. H. Little attended Court in Sullivan County last week.

Edward Drinker caught a pike fourteen inches long in the creek on Tuesday.

The Misses Brower, and Miss Freeze have been visiting friends in Bellefonte during the past week.

There were no services at either the Episcopal or Presbyterian churches on Sunday last, the ministers being absent on vacation.

James B. Neal went to Danville on Tuesday where he will study medicine under Dr. Strawbridge.

James Armstrong Esq., son of Hon. W. H. Armstrong of Williamsport, has been admitted to the Bar in that city.

The Sheriff of Bradford County destroyed ten eel racks in the Susquehanna river Last week Tuesday, below Towanda

William H. and Edward B. Clark are spending the week at Mooresburg, Montour County, with relatives.

The Monthly Union Temperance meeting will be held in the Presbyterian church next Tuesday evening, October 7th.

The celebrated WHITE SEWING MACHINE will be on exhibition at the Fair. Go and see it. J Saltzer, agent.

J. H. Barns Esq., a member of the bar, and editor of a legal paper in Lackawanna County was in town a few days since on business.

Bruce Clark of Clark & Son is now in the City buying fall goods to add to their already large stock. Call and see.

The Berwick *Independent* is much improved under its new management. The inevitable "Washington Letter." has disappeared from the second page.

Capt. A. J. Trout of Williamsport who had a relapse after attending the inspection here, will have a benefit this Friday evening, gotten up by printers.

Some very interesting extracts from letters written home by L. E. Waller Esq., describing his travels in Europe are being published in the *Republican*.

The Episcopalians will occupy the dinner tent on the Fair Grounds during the Fair, where all present can get their meals at a reasonable price.

The largest cornstalk of the season is on exhibition at this office, measuring thirteen feet and two inches. It was raised on the farm of William Cox, of Greenwood twp.

J. H. Maize has sold his grocery and provision store to Peter Billmeyer, who will continue the business at the old stand. An account of stock has been taken, and the store will probably be opened again to-day.

NOTICE

Having been nomirated by the Natio n Party for the office of Sheriff I take this method of informing my friends irrespective of party that I am a candidate for election, and respectfully solicit their support at the election to be held Nov. 4th 1879.

tf. * U. H. Ent.

Last Saturday was the day of Atonement in the Jewish calendar. It was the tenth day after Rosh Hoshanna, or the Jewish new year. This season is observed by all the pious of that faith, who abstain from food and seek pardon for their sins.

The Berwick Literary Society appears to be a lively and interesting institution. They have good music, instructive debates and other exercises. Everybody attends and thus encouraged it is a success.

Mr. John Kahler formerly of this town now of Hughesville, Lycoming county has purchased a tract of timberland in our County, from which he is manufacturing railroad ties and shipping them to Wilkes-Barre, and the bark to a steam tannery in Danville.

The rumor that C. R. Funston of Laporte is to take the Central Hotel is incorrect, no arrangements to that effect having been made as yet.

The relationship of man and woman in rainy weather, according to the Albany *Journal*, is easily discovered. If they are lovers, the woman will have all the umbrella, and the man won't care a fig how wet he gets. But if they are married, it is just the opposite.

The manuscript of our Hamburg correspondent, whose letter appears in another column, is the most exquisite penmanship that we have seen in many a day. Such writing gladdens the heart of the printer who has to set the type.

The Bloomsburg correspondent of the *Berwick Independent* asks for information concerning the wild rice project for which a subscription was taken up last fall. We do not know, but suppose the wild rice was purchased and sown along the river, as the gentlemen having the matter in charge are reliable parties.

Weeds on gravel walks may be destroyed and prevented from growing again by a copious dressing of the cheapest salt. This is a better method than hand-pulling, which disturbs the gravel and renders constant raking and rolling necessary. One application early in the season, and others as may be needed, while the weeds are small, will keep the walks clean and bright.

ICED FRUITS.—Nothing is easier to prepare than iced fruits, and there are few prettier dessert dishes. Dip nice bunches of any kind of fruit in gum arabic or white of egg, sift powdered sugar over them and let them dry, being careful not to allow one bunch to lie upon another.

Men who are put in public positions should always be careful not to squander the money of their constituents by devoting it to useless or unnecessary objects. Making a contract with the water company for a public supply of water is neither useless or unnecessary. It is simply voting the money of the people back into the people's pockets by protecting their property from fire, and adding to the healthfulness of the town.

Judge Woodward was exactly sixty years of age on the day of his death. The year is completed on the day before the birth day, and on the first hour of it, there being no fractions in such a case. Having been born Sept. 24th 1819, he was fully sixty years of age Sept. 23, 1879, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. F.

Mr. G. B. Markle will in a few days start on a trip to Europe for the benfit of his health, accompanied by his family. He will rest during the winter and next summer travel leisurely through Europe. His health has not been benefitted much by his sojourn in Maine, where he spent several months this summer.—*Hazleton Sentinel*.

Michael Hauck and Wellington Wright were brought before Esq., Brower on Tuesday on a warrant sworn out by John Leggott of Green wood township charging them with setting fire to his house in Pine township on Sunday September 1875. The house was unoccupied at the time it was burned. The defendants entered bail for their appearance before the Justice next Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

The borough council of Sunbury have unanimously declared themselves in favor of the erection of water works in that place, and have recommended "that a contract be entered into as soon as possible for the renting of as many hydrants for supply purposes and for such sum each as may be agreed upon between the borough council and the water company at a future meeting." The Sunbury water company asked that borough to take 50 hydrants at $50 apiece a year, and the committee of the council has reported in favor of it.

At the next meeting of the Town Council two petitions will probably be presented, one asking the Council to make a contract with the water company for forty plugs at forty dollars per plug a year for five years, and the other a remonstrance against such action. How many have signed each petition we know not, but it is asserted that an examination of the assessment books of the town will show that those who have signed in favor of the movement represent a much larger amount of taxes than the opposition. As the whole opposition to the project is simply a question of taxes, it seems as though the petition representing nearly two thirds of all the town taxes should be granted rather than one having simply a majority of names.

BITING HIS OWN NOSE OFF.

EDS. COLUMBIAN:—It strikes me that every laboring man who signs a remonstrance against a contract with the water company on the ground that such contract will increase his taxes, is simply biting his own nose off. The works would probably cost in the neighborhood of $40,000 of which nearly if not quite $20,000 would be spent in Bloomsburg for labor and material, thus giving every laboring man plenty of work during the winter, and putting a large amount of money in circulation right here, while the additional tax of the laborer would be less than a dollar a year. Again, if the water company should conclude to go on any way, how many of the signers of the remonstrance will be employed on the works?

Yours &c.,
LABORER.

THE PROHIBITION CANDIDATE.

The candidate of the prohibitionists, Mr. J. L. Richardson, is well known in this neighborhood. He was formerly a resident of Luzerne county, where he figured as a Presbyterian minister, as school teacher and as county superintendent of public schools. He was also more recently connected with several temperance papers in this and adjoining states as canvasser. He is now a citizen of Bloomsburg, and is editor of a small temperance paper published at that place. In whatever capacity Mr. Richardson served the public, he was always well regarded. He has for many years been an uncompromising prohibitionist, and urged his views upon public attention upon every convenient occasion. The honor conferred upon him is an empty one. He will poll the full prohibition vote, that is to say, of that portion that prefers to show its strength at the polls.—*Scranton Republican*.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The officers of the Agricultural Society held a meeting at the Exchange Hotel on Friday afternoon last. The printing of the premium list in the newspapers was talked about, but it was concluded not to have it done this year as the list had already been printed in pamphlet form. The following appointments were made for the Fair: Marshal, Col C K Hughes; Chief of police, James Thomas Policemen, W. W. Barrett, Joseph Walter; Stand Police, W M Hartman, John Savage, Asa Daily, G W Foster, C R Housel, D. M Wilson and Newton Boone; Gate keepers, John Pursel, John Daily, H C Grotz, L T Conner B. F Fisher and Edward Henry.

Five students have been expelled from Princeton College for misconduct in Trenton. They attended a theatre where they occupied a box, and created much disturbance. Afterwards they were arrested by policemen and bound over to appear at court for breaking in a door of a house. The faculty promptly dismissed them when the facts came to their ears.

We very gladly correct a statement which appeared in this paper recently, to the effect that Senator Jackson was gradually failing, as we are informed by the very best authority that this is not the case, but that his health is improving and his friends expect that he will be able to attend to business before long. Our statement was made on information given us by a gentleman who had just returned from Sullivan County, but who we are happy to learn was misinformed. We expect to see our genial Senator down this way again, as lively as ever.

BURIAL OF JUDGE WOODWARD.

The funeral of Judge Woodward took place at Wilkesbarre on Saturday afternoon last. At 1 o'clock the members of the Luzerne Bar Association met in their room, and after hearing a preamble and resolutions in relation to the deceased they marched in a body to the residence of Stanley Woodward, where the funeral services of the Episcopal church were read by Rev. H. L. Jones. The pall bearers were Gov. Hoyt. A. T. McClintlock, C. R. Buckalew, Chas. Parrish, J. Hagenbuch, A. F. Boas, G. D. Stitzel and J. Ritter.

Columbia county was represented by Judge Elwell, E. H. Little, Col. S. Knorr, and C. B. Jackson. Among others in attendance were Judges Mercur, Trunkey and Paxson of the Supreme Court, Hagenman and Sassaman of the Berks County bench, Judge Albright of Allentown, Senator Ermentrout, F. B. Gowen, Simon Cameron, and a large number of members of the bar from Reading. The remains were taken to the Hollenback cemetery, where the Rev D. Jacob Frey of the Reading Episcopal church officiated, and deposited in the family vault.

EVERYBODY SHOULD COME TO THE FAIR AT BLOOMSBURG OCTOBER 15, 16, 17 & 18, 1879.

We will have the biggest Fair we ever had. Bring your wives, your sisters, your cousins and your aunts and have a good time generally. Come on Wednesday and bring everything you have worth showing and get a premium for it. Come on Thursday to see the Big Ox. Come on Thursday to hear Benjamin F. Butler, Alex. K. McClure and Frank W. Hughes, who have been invited to be present. Come on Friday to see the Band of Indians and the "Great Moral Show."

Come on Saturday and see the biggest "Hoss Race," you have ever seen. Noted "Hosses" from a distance will be here.

You are all invited to come by the officers.

E. J. McHenry,	*President*
A. P. Young,	
M. G. Hughes,	*Vice Presidents.*
Frea. Fowler,	
U. H. Ent.	
N. H. W Brown	
P. A. Evans,	*Executive Com.*
Wm. Shaffer,	
J. F Peacock,	*Treasurer.*
Chandlee Eves,	*Librarian.*
M. W. Nuss,	*Secretary.*

MONTHLY WEATHER REVIEW.

The following is a meteorological summary or record of the weather at Catawissa during the month of September 1879, compiled from observations by W. G. Yetter.

Barometric pressure corrected for temperature and elevation.—Highest pressure on the 26th, 30.442 inches; lowest on the 3rd, 29.738 inches; monthly range 0.704 inches; average for the month 30.134 inches.

Temperature of the air.—Highest temperature on the first 86½ degrees, lowest on the 26th 33½ degrees; average temperature for the month 60.2 degrees; average of same month during previous year (1878) 65.5 degrees; monthly range, 53 degrees; greatest daily range on the 30th, 28½ degrees; and the least daily range on the 3rd, 7½ degrees.

Moisture—Mean relative humidity 77 per cent; number of days on which rain fell 9; total amount of rain fall, 3.00 inches; rain fall during same month in previous year (1878) 2.99 inches.

Wind.—The prevailing wind was from the South and the highest hourly velocity during the month was 34 miles from the west on the 17th inst.

Miscellaneous items.—Thunder storms occurred on the 3rd, 7th and 24th, frosts occurred on the 21st, 25th, 26th and 27th, ice formed in exposed places on the 26th inst.

FACTS FOR DAIRYMEN.

It should be borne in mind by practical dairymen, that the Perfected Butter Color of Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington Vt., is the best obtainable in the world. It is absolutely pure and harmless, free from odor or flavor, cannot spoil in any weather, is in liquid form and ready for instant use, costs but little, and is of a uniform standard as to strength and intensity of hue. Use no other.

ORANGEVILLE ITEMS.

There was a great sensation in town Sunday morning when it was discovered that a thief had been here in the night. He had broken into Robbins' shop and got a chisel which he used in opening the window in Davis' Hotel where he helped himself to two watches and some money. He tried Sloan's store, as the chisel marks on the door showed, but did not succeed in making an entrance. He then opened a window in the barroom of Hagenbuck's Hotel where he found about $10 in the drawer which he appropriated. He was tracked as far as Rohrsburg but there lost trace of. Nothing has been heard of him since.

Dr. M. V. B. Stevens the Phrenologist has paid Orangeville a visit He told us a great deal about ourselves. Some of it we knew already and some we had only suspected.

Mr. Clees of the M. E. Church has started a protracted meeting at the McHenry school house.

The Presbytery of Northumberland will meet here next week. Preparations are being made for their entertainment. The people of Orangeville are equal to the task.

The Academy [military company were out with their guns on Tuesday afternoon. They made a good appearance with their well cleaned and shining guns.

The new number of the Educator is out and appears to be a very interesting magazine.

REPORTER.

ALL A MISTAKE.

The Statement going the rounds of the papers that an act was passed by the last legislature providing that no partridges should be shot for one year from November 1st, 1879, is incorrect, No such act appears in the official list of laws passed by the legislature of 1879. Sportsmen can therefore bang away at poor "Bob White" as usual during the shooting season—but as partridges are becoming scarcer every year, hunters should forbear and give them a chance to multiply in the land.—*Pottstown Ledger*.

DO A FAVOR TO A FRIEND.

If you have a friend suffering from any disorder of the Kidneys send them a package of Kidney-Wort, and you will make them happy. Its great tonic power is especially directed to these diseases, and it quickly relieves the distress and cures the disease. Have you tried it?

LETTER FROM BERKS COUNTY.

HAMBURG, Berks Co., Sept. 28, '79

MESSRS EDITORS OF "THE COLUMBIAN":—Among the subscribers to your valuable paper is one whose address is Hamburg in the county of Berks, a stranger in a strange land where the people speak a strange language called "Dutch," drink more beer, kill fat oxen and it is sometimes asserted "vote for Jackson." Be this as it may your correspondent's heart is made glad every Friday evening by the appearance of the COLUMBIAN and in perusing its columns he forgets for the time his troubles with customers who will talk dutch to him, a language that he cannot understand, much less speak without having his tongue split, and the girls who will not let him be. Hamburg is a town of some twenty five hundred inhabitants, on the eastern bank of the Schuylkill river, just half way between Pottsville and Reading on the Phila. and Reading Rail road, and is the largest borough in Berks county. Its business depends more upon the rich agricultural region surrounding, than manufactures, although these help trade considerably.

Our rolling mill which has been idle for about three years will commence running again in a few days, employing about one hundred and fifty men, and paying out nearly ten thousand dollars per month. This in addition to the Foundries and Carriage shops will employ our people fully.

Yesterday I attended a pic nic. What, you say, a pic nic on Sunday? Yes, it is quite customary here to have Sunday School celebrations on Sunday, and they are very largely attended especially by the political aspirants, who manage to see the people, fix up matters generally, and sometimes even consent to address the Sunday School yesterday. Hon. Daniel Ermentrout, one of our prominent candidates for Congress was present and delivered a very pleasing as well as instructive address to the assembly. I was favorably impressed and think he will do honor to our district if he should be elected. His chances are good although Clymer, Wanner and some others are also in the field. Your correspondent is still true to democratic doctrines and principles, as well as his brother, who was recently chosen Chairman of the Democratic County Committee and is to conduct the campaign of 1880 in old Berks. It seems to me I have wandered from the pic nic into the political field—well, a good democrat will leave a pic nic anytime to attend to politics. I must mention a fruit farm within sight from the pic nic grounds It is one of the largest in the State, and the owner has now in his ice-room several hundred barrels of apples from last year. His crop of Bartlett pears just gathered is Eight hundred bushels. "The farmers in this county are generally well fixed," the gentleman remarked by whose side I was riding; "and live at home," he continued as he drew the lines over four fine horses. I was a competent witness in so far as one was concerned where I in the uniform and company of the Hamburg Band had sat down to one of the most bountifully spread tables in my life's experience.

Said Band was engaged to furnish the music during the Celebration and in passing I may remark that it numbers twenty six men including the major and noted throughout eastern Penna. for their skill in playing and fine appearance as a band. At these pic nics the Band frequently leads the singing, and in their playing anything is in order from a reel to a overture. One notable feature is that it is led by a former citizen of Columbia County, Riding by, the driver gave me an opportunity to see the country through which we were passing, and certainly from the Mississippi River to the Atlantic no more beautiful or prosperous section can be found. The immense barns and fine dwellings, well cultivated fields, clean, white washed fences and stacks of grain on almost every farm betoken the prosperity of these German farmers. At about every two miles along the turnpike from Hamburg to Reading is a "watshaus" (Hotel) where ye thirsty dutchmen can get a glass of beer. As Josh Billings has it, they are "numerously numerous." Your correspondent is only advanced far enough in the customs of the country to drink pretzels, and ignore the beer. About last but not least among the farm products are an abundance of girls who are all in the market matrimonial; but I would not advise the young men to come here unless they first learn to talk dutch. They might get an introduction to take one of them, undutch to see her safe home, and find out that she could not speak a word of English. I do not speak from experience, but I can fully appreciate the situation.

I regret the confusion of tongues at the building of the tower of Babel, because it seems likely to add one to the long list of bachelors a matter that personally concerns

Very truly yours,
F. P. H.

Kidney Diseases.

Kidney diseases afflict the greater part of the human race, and they are constantly on the increase but where the virtues of Kidney Wort have become known, they are held in check and speedily cured. Let those who have had to constantly dose spirits of nitre and such stuff, give this great remedy a trial and be cured.

A New Counterfeit.

The treasury department furnishes the following description of the new counterfeit $5 on the National State bank of Troy, N. Y., of which $1,700 were found upon the person of Wm Cluff when arrested in New York city, Saturday evening: The counterfeit has the name of John C. New, treasurer, and a pointed seal. The genuine note bearing the same name has a scalloped seal and the words, "series of 1875," in colored ink, which the counterfeit has not. The genuine issue of this bank which has the pointed seal bears the name of F. E. Spinner, treasurer. In the counterfeit the word 'treasury' under the name Allison is spelled 'tresury.' The note is printed from the skeleton plates sold by Henry C. Cole, before his arrest, to New York parties. The printing is much below the average of this class of work.

Dr. Kendall's celebrated treatise on the horse, for sale at G. A. Clark's book store and at the COLUMBIAN office for 25 cents. This book should be in the hands of every man who owns a horse.

Integrity of Judge Woodward.

As illustrating the official character of the late Judge Woodward, an intimate friend who was with him during his last illness, relates the following: The Judge seemed to suffer greatly from the thought which came to him, time and again, that while he was drawing his salary from the State, he was unable to render an equivalent, being disabled from writing opinions in cases submitted to him. Although very feeble he penned with great difficulty and with frequent pauses for rest, a letter of resignation to Gov. Hoyt. This being done, he seemed to feel easier. In a day or two the letter came back from the Governor, with another, declining in the handsomest terms, to accept the resignation. Both the letter and the reply reflect credit upon their respective authors.—*W. B. Record*.

See a woman on horseback in another column, riding near Speer's Vineyards, with a bunch of Grapes from which Speer's Port Grape Wine is made, that is so highly esteemed by the medical profession for the use of invalids weakly persons and the aged.

Sold by Druggists.

June 27 1-y.

If you are bilious you will find positive relief by using "Sellers' Liver Pills." Sold by all druggists.

As our reporter came along Water Street last night, shivering with the chill night air and drawing his overcoat tightly about him, he thought, "now is the time for colds and cough," but if poor mortals only knew what a certain cure Dr. Ball's Cough Syrup is, how few would long suffer, and then it costs only twenty five cents.—*Sandusky* (Ohio) *Register*.

Let your first attack of indigestion be the last. Rouse the dormant energies of the stomach with the Bitters. The tone thus imparted will remain. This is a fact established by thousands of witnesses, whose testimony is simply a statement of their own experiences. Those afflicted with general debility of every phase will find this medicine an unfailing agent in building up and renewing their strength. For sale by all Druggists and respectable Dealers generally.

A Clergyman Killed.

The Rev. Dexter L. Lounsbury, Pastor of Christ's Episcopal Church at Stratford, Conn. was shot and instantly killed by his wife on the morning of Sept. 25, as he lay in bed beside her. When Mr. Lounsbury came to Stratford from Bridgeport, a year and a half ago, it was known that his wife was liable to fits of insanity, of more or less severity, and had been ailing for sixteen years past. The deed is generally regarded as having had no provocation except the freak of a diseased mind. As soon as Mrs. Lounsbury fired the fatal shot she rose and ran up stairs with the revolver in her hand to the room of Mary Cummings, a servant, and awakened her. She told the domestic what she had done and the latter went with her down stairs to the sleeping room of the rector and his wife and there found that Mrs. Lounsbury had indeed killed her husband. The servant, accompanied by little Anna Lounsbury, the clergyman's 11-year-old daughter, ran out and gave the alarm. Dr. Allen was hastily summoned, and when he reached the house found life extinct. The weapon was a six-barreled Peerless revolver, and when Mrs. Lounsbury came down stairs with the servant she laid it on a bureau in the bedroom. When found it contained five loaded shells and one which had recently been discharged. Dr. Allen found that the bullet had entered the back of the head, and had lodged in the base of the brain. Everything went to show that he was lying on his right side, and that she reached under the pillow where she had put the revolver, secured it, and then in the dim light of the early dawn placed the muzzle of the weapon within a few inches of her husband's head, and fired. The pillow and his night shirt were both blackened with powder, and a great pool of blood had trickled down, and formed in the depression in the middle of the bed. Death must have been instantaneous. The details of the tragedy came out more fully at the inquest. The jury met at the rectory. The body of Mr. Lounsbury lay on the bed in the position in which the physician found it No blood was visible on the body, nor were the features disturbed, and but for the pillow, at the first glance one would have thought the pastor slept. Mary Cummings testified that she had been a servant in the house for the past seven weeks. On Tuesday Mrs. Lounsbury had seemed somewhat excited, and in conversation with the witness about her illness had said that Mr. Lounsbury wished her to submit to an operation; that she had refused and had asked her husband if he could make her, and that he had replied that if she would not consent he would put her out of the house; the thought of the operation seemed to greatly excite Mrs Lounsbury; about 5:30 A. M., the witness heard a noise as of something falling in the lower part of the house. Soon after Mrs. Lounsbury came to the door in her night dress with a pistol in her hand and cried, 'I have killed my husband.' The witness said, 'Oh, no, you have not.' 'I have, I have.' Mrs. Lounsbury answered. Witness then went down stairs, as has been narrated. Mrs. Lounsbury seemed greatly agitated, and was crying and wringing her hands in great distress. As far as the witness knew Mr. Lounsbury had always been a kind and loving husband and had attentively ministered to his wife's wants. Mrs. Lounsbury was inclined to be fretful when ill. Anna M. Lounsbury testified that she was awakened by the report of the pistol, she thought, about 6 A. M. She hastily dressed and went down stairs to her parents' bedroom and shook her papa, but could get no answer. Mrs. Lounsbury testified as follows: 'I am willing to tell all I know about this dreadful affair. My husband did not know that I had the pistol. After burglars tried to get into our pantry, and succeeded in getting into Mrs. Burrett's house next door I spoke to my husband about getting a pistol, but he would not hear of it. Finally I became so frightened when he left me alone that one day when I was in New Haven I bought a revolver. I used to keep it in a box hid from my husband. Some nights I slept with it under my pillow. All I recollect about Tuesday night is that we retired as usual. During the night I remember waking my husband and asking him to get up and get me a drink of water, which he did. I know I shot him, but I cannot tell how or why. I did not do it because I wished to avoid any pain or danger. I am willing to suffer the full penalty of the law, but I cannot tell why I killed him. He always treated me kindly.' The jury brought in a verdict that 'Dexter C. Lounsbury came to his death by a pistol shot at the hands of his wife, Mary, done on the 24th of September, at about 5 o'clock A. M., the act being committed during a condition of temporary derangement of the mind occasioned by disease Mr. Lounsbury was nearly 36 years of age and a graduate of Trinity College. He first practiced medicine and became acquainted with his wife by being called to treat her professionally. The wife, not being in the habit of receiving callers, is almost a stranger to the members of Stratford parish. She is very much prostrated by the shock. Mrs. Lounsbury is of very full habit and is subject to rushes of blood to the head. She remembers suffering with one Tuesday night.

CHEW JACKSON'S BEST SWEET NAVY TOBACCO.

Dennis Kearney, the California agitator, called at the Palace Hotel in San Francisco and sent up his card to General Grant, but the General declined to receive him, by which action he displayed very good sense.

The condition of things in Memphis is said to be improving. The number of yellow fever cases is on the decrease.

Wine with Cake for Entertainments.

We take pleasure in directing the attention of the public to Speer's celebrated Port Grape Wine, a pure and unadulterated article, upon which every one may most implicitly rely. This wine is made at Speer's Vineyards, Passaic, New Jersey. It has a rich flavor, mellow juiciness, and brilliant color; and is not only an agreeable beverage, but is highly beneficial in all its properties for invalids and aged persons. For sale by C. A. Klein, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Sore eyes, tetter, salt rheum, &c., are cured by "Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher." Sold by all druggists.

GRANGER CANDIDATES.

EDS. COLUMBIAN:—*Dear Sirs.*—The two last issues of your paper have contained, the indirect information that the Grangers (Patrons properly) had put in nomination candidates for office in this county. Your week before last issue, says: "we are not *positively* assured &c." and, your last weeks issue, says, after naming the candidates of the various other parties as being present at the Republican Convention, that "Mr.——the granger candidate was present." Now, who is Mr.——? I have been Secretary of Pomona Grange No. 5, for the whole time of its existence till the present year; to date have never missed a meeting and know something about the grange business, and I most emphatically declare, there is not, and never has been a granger candidate, as such, for any office in this county. Further, political subjects are never discussed in our meetings. Ours is an Agricultural organization, not a horse racing society. Neither is it a place where political stagers congregate. We try as grangers to "mind our own business," advance the cause of agriculture, and the best interest of society thereby, and desire the co-operation of all classes in society. We make no thrusts at any party or man.

A former editor of your very valuable paper more than once requested me to bring before the grange, the subject of supporting only such men as would pledge themselves to lower salaries of public offices and kindred reforms. Even this very salutary hint was never taken by us.

As a body, we are a grange individually, democrats, republicans, greenbackers, last but not least temperance. I believe your paper as friendly to the grange as any in the county, and trust you will insert this letter.

Yours
E. M. TEWKSBURY.

CATAWISSA, PA., Sept. 30, 1879.

It matters not the age of sufferers from coughs, or croup, "Dr. Sellers' Cough Syrup is good for all alike. Price 25 cents.

Business Notices

All wool black cashmers 48 cents to $1.10 a yard at Lutz & Sloan's

Lutz & Sloan have received their new stock of Mme. Demorest Patterns. Call at their Store for a catalogue.

Good Canton Flannels for 8, 9, 10, 12½ 14, 15, 16 and 18 cents per yard at Silas Young's Light Street. Sept. 19-2m

McKinneys Shoe Store below C. Y House.

Zephyr finished Germantown wool 8 cents per oz.

Shetland wool 10 cents per oz

Saxony wool 15 cents per oz. at Lutz & Sloan's.

All kinds of stoneware, ½, 1, 1½ and 2 gallon flat and high pots, and 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 gallon apple and cream pots, with and without lids, in price from 12 cts. upward ½, 1, 2, 3 and 4 gallon jugs, for sale at Light Street by Silas Young. Sept. 19 2-m.

Felt skirts 52 inches wide at the waist for 65 cents at Lutz & Sloan's.

Boot headquarters at McKinney's.

Want good live calves that weigh 120 lbs to 125, 130, 140, 150, 160 and upward at Light Street by SILAS YOUNG.

Sept. 19 3-m.

Large ladies can get felt skirts to fit them at Lutz & Sloan's.

Rubbers at McKinney's.

Wanted 2000 lbs of nice dried Raspberries, at 25 cents per pound. And 2000 lbs of nice dried pitted cherries for which I will pay the very highest market price.

SILAS YOUNG.

July 18-6m.

Admission free at McKinney's.

New shawls and skirts at Lutz & Sloan's.

Cash paid for 1000 bushels of good white or yellow Oats at Light Street by SILAS YOUNG.

Sept 5, 2m.

Boots and Shoes cheap at McKinney's.

"Wanted, 200 tons of good Rock Oak Bark at $5 per ton by Silas Young Light Street. Sept. 19, 3m.

The largest assortment of dress goods ever offered by Lutz & Sloan now in stock.

Call at McKinney's for Shoes.

Beautiful Silk Hats—New Soft Hats, Wool Hats, Fur Hats, For Men—for Boys—and Children At the Popular store of D. Lowenb s

New fall stock of dry goods at Lutz & Sloan's.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GENERAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

I, JOHN W. HOFFMAN, High Sheriff of Columbia county, do hereby make known and proclaim to the qualified electors of Columbia county that a general election will be held on TUESDAY, THE FOURTH OF NOVEMBER, 1879 (being the Tuesday next following the first Monday of said month), for the purpose of electing the several persons hereinafter named, to-wit:

One person for State Treasurer of Pennsylvania.
One person for High Sheriff of Columbia county.
One person for Coroner of Columbia county
Two persons for Jury Commissioners of Columbia county.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the places of holding the aforesaid election in the several wards, boroughs, districts and townships within the county of Columbia are as follows, viz:

Beaver township, at the public house of Joseph H. Shuman.
Benton township, at the public house of Hiram Hess, in the town of Benton.
East Bloom, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg.
West Bloom, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg.
Borough of Berwick, at the office of W. J. Knorr, in the borough of Berwick.
Brianerck township, at the public house of William Peiffer.
Borough of Centralia, at the public house of William Peiffer.
Briarcreek township, at the public school house near Evansville.
Catawissa township, at the public house of Samuel Kostenbauder, in the town of Catawissa.
Centre township, at the school house near Lafayette Creasy's.
North Conyngham District, at the school house near the colliery of John Anderson & Co.
South Conyngham District, at the house of John Monroe.
Fishingcreek township, at the school house near C. B. White's.
Franklin township, at the Lawrence school house.
Greenwood township, at the house of Joseph R. Patton.
Hemlock township, at the public house of Chas. H. Dietterich, in the town of Buck Horn.
Jackson township, at the house of Ezekiel Cole.
Locust township, at the public house of Daniel Kehres, in Numedia.
Mifflin township, at the public house of Aaron Hess, in the town of Millville.
Madison township, at the public school house in Jerseytown.
Mt. Pleasant township, at the house of H. W. Mettler.
Montour township, at the public house of Reuben Rauch, at Rupert.
Main township, at the public house of Jeremiah E Longenberger.
Roaringcreek township, at the house of Samuel Miller.
Orange township, at the public house of R. J. Davis in Orangeville.
Pine township, at the Centre School House, lately fixed by a vote of the citizens of said township.
Sugarloaf township, at the house of Alinas Cole.
West Scott at the public house of John Eckroth in Light Street.
East Scott township, at the public house of Jacob Miller, in Espy.

At all elections hereafter held under the laws of this commonwealth, the election polls shall be opened at seven o'clock in the forenoon, and shall continue open without interruption or adjournment until seven o'clock in the evening when the polls will be closed.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That every person excepting Justices of the Peace and Aldermen, Notaries Public and Persons in the militia service of the State, who shall hold or shall within two months have held any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or of this State, and city or corporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislature, Executive or Judiciary Department of this State, or of any city or of any incorporated district, and also, that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

The Inspectors and Judge of the elections shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district to which they respectively belong, before seven o'clock in the morning, and each of said inspectors shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district.

The qualified voters of the several districts in this county at all general, township borough and special elections, are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote by tickets printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all Judges of Courts voted for, and labelled, outside, "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the State officers voted for and to be labelled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for, including the office of Senator, and Members of Assembly, if voted for, and members of Congress, if voted for, and be labelled "County;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labelled "Township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labelled "Borough."

And each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

JOHN W. HOFFMAN,
Sheriff's Office, Bloomsburg, Sheriff.
Octo. 3, '79-tf

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in the town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, at one o'clock p. m., on

Saturday, October 25, 1879.

All that certain lot or piece of land situate in Briarcreek township, Columbia county and State of Pennsylvania bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by land of George Bower, on the east by land of Swank, on the south and west by lands of George Belford, containing seven acres more or less on which are erected a frame dwelling house and out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of William Girton, Administrator of Rachael Girton against Edward R. Bower and Jacob Bower and to be sold as the property of Edward R. Bower and Jacob Bower.

Miscellaneous.

WITCHES' NIGHT.

From the earliest times men have been trying to look ahead. The ancient Egyptians had oracles where their gods were supposed to answer the questions of men by dreams and other ways; the ancient Greeks also had famous oracles, which people came from far-off lands to consult; the Romans killed certain fowls or animals, and guessed at the future by the looks of their internal organs; the Hebrews and the Babylonians had their own peculiar ways of finding out what was to happen. The world has not yet outgrown the longing to look ahead. The Hindu to-day sets a lamp afloat on his sacred river, and judges of the future by the length of time it burns; the Chinaman consults his 'wise men,' who pretend to understand signs; the ignorant African takes notice of the cries of birds and animals; the English—not long ago—tried to learn by help of what they call 'witches'; and Spiritualists, even now, believe the predictions of a 'medium.'

No serious attempt to look into the future has been made for a long time by intelligent people, and the old customs have become a frolicsome trying of 'charms,' especially on one night of the year. It is curious enough that the night selected is the eve of the festival of All Saints, which was established in the seventh century by a pope of Rome, in honor of all the saints who had no particular day assigned to them. The Romans brought this festival to England; there it became All Hallows, and the evening before it, Hallow even or Halloween, and that was the night sacred to charms and gems. In the seventeenth century, England gave up the night to feasting and frolicking. Nuts and apples were plenty from one end of the island to the other, and 'Nut-crack Night' was the name given to it.

In England, the revels were for fun, such as diving for apples floating in a tub of water, and, of course, getting very wet; or trying to snatch in the teeth an apple on one end of a stick, which had a lighted candle at the other end, and, being hung by a string, could be spun around very fast, so that the players often seized the candle instead of the fruit; or a playful fortune-telling by naming nuts, roasting them before the fire, and watching their conduct when heated—whether they burned steadily, or bounced away, or burst with a noise, each movement of the charmed nut being of great importance.

One nut test was tried by grinding and mixing together a walnut, hazel-nut, and nutmeg, making into pills, with butter and sugar, and swallowing them on going to bed. Wonderful dreams would follow (which was not surprising).

In superstitious Scotland, the night was given entirely to serious and sometimes frightful attempts to peer into the future by beans of charms. One way of trying fortune was to throw a ball of blue yarn out of a window, and wind it into a ball again from the other end. Near the last something would hold it fast, when the winder must ask: 'Who holds?' The answer would name one who was to have importance in the questioner's future.

Another Scotch custom was 'pulling kale stalks.' A young person went blindfolded into the garden, pulled up the first kale or cabbage stalk he touched, and carried it into the house. The whole future was read from that stalk; the size indicated the stature of the future partner in life; the quantity of earth at the roots showed the amount of his, or her, fortune; the taste of the pith told what the temper would be; and when the stalk was placed over the door, the first name of the person entering was the fated name.

The island of Lewes, on the coast of Scotland, had some curious customs. Young women made a 'dumb cake,' and baked it before the fire with certain ceremonies and in perfect silence, expecting to see wonders; and the people also sacrificed to a sea god called Shony, throwing a cup of ale into the sea, and calling on him to give them plenty of sea-weed to enrich their grounds.

In another Scotch trial, a girl would go into a barn, holding a winnowing sieve, and stand alone, with both doors open, to see her fate.

The fashion of trying charms is now nearly out-grown among English-speaking people. It survives in America as a pleasant frolic for a social gathering. In our own day, young people 'sow hemp-seed', 'eat apples before the glass,' 'go down the cellar stairs backward,' holding a candle and a mirror. They also 'pop chestnuts,' 'launch walnut-shells' holding tapers, and try the 'three,saucer' test of the future.

In some of our cities, the boys on Hallowe'en collect old tea-kettles, boots, large stones, etc., and deposit them in clean vestibules, ringing the door-bell and running away.

Thus the 31st of October—set apart by a pope as a religious festival—became, in superstitious times, 'The Witches' Night;' crossed the ocean as a season for frolics, and ends with a street-boy's joke.

Oliver Throne, in St. Nicholas for October.

HOW ARE THE MIGHTY FALLEN.

To-day there is a man going about the streets of this city, ragged, dirty and penniless, subsisting on free lunches and the charities of gamblers, and has not slept in a bed for months, who, during the war was one of the most dashing cavalry officers in the Union army and was promoted from the rank af first lieutenant to full Brigadier and Brevet Major General for brilliant exploits on the field of battle, and who for a long time had a large and important command.

He has been here for two or three months, under an assumed name, being ashamed to dim the brilliancy of his record in the service of his country by an exhibition of his degradation under his former honored name. He is generally very reticent, having very little to do with any one or talking but little, save, when 'engineering' for a drink, at which he is remarkably successful.

Night before last, while lying helplessly drunk in the rear part of a Third street saloon, some men thought to play a joke on him by stealing his shirt, and proceeded to strip him. Underneath his shirt and suspended by a string around his neck, was a small canvas bag, which the men opened and found to contain his commission as Brevet Major General, one from Grant and one from President Lincoln, a photograph of a little girl and a curl of hair—a 'chestnut shadow' that doubtless one day crept over the brow of some beloved one.

When these things were discovered, even the half-drunken men felt a respect for the man's former greatness, and pity for his fallen condition, and quietly returned the bag and contents to where they found them, and replaced the sleeper's clothes upon him. Yesterday a *News* reporter tried to interview this man and endeavor to learn something of his life in the past few years, but he declined to communicate anything. He cried like a child when told how his right name and former position were ascertained, and with tears trickling down his cheeks, said: 'For heaven's sake don't publish my degradation, my name at least, if you are determined to say anything about it. It is enough to know myself how low I have fallen. It will do you no good and will do my friends a great harm. Rather let them think I have died, in South America, where I went at the close of the war.'

'Strong drink and the gambling table,' he said, was the cause of his downfall.—*Kansas City News.*

DRYING AND CANNING APPLES.

We always dry our apples in the oven of the cooking stove as quickly as is possible to do without cooking them; and when they are sufficiently dry put them into their paper bags, tie them up securely so that no insects can gain access to them, and hang them up for a while in the kitchen before they are put away in the store room. Fruit dried in this way is never wormy, as the insect moths never get a chance to deposit their eggs. When apples are likely to be scarce in late winter and spring, and especially when apples are keeping poorly, we fill our cans, that have been emptied since the canning season cloted, with apples; if they are sweet, we put a handful of ratsins to a can to flavor them. Our pet way of putting up sweet apples is to pare and then core them with an appie-corer, leaving them whole, stick two or three cloves into each one, and cook them till soft in a syrup made in the proportion of a pint of sharp vinegar to a quart of sugar. We prefer to keep them in air tight cans.

Fooling the British Farmer.

The case must be desperate when the British Premier finds it necessary to misstate and contort facts for the sole purpose of deluding British farmers. It is hardly conceivable that Lord Beaconsfield can believe that our Western farmers are deserting our own fertile lands to build up the British North American wilderness. It is equally hard to believe that so well-informed a man does not know that the tide is running the other way. Canadian farmers are encouraged to come to this country, and they are coming. If Lord Beaconsfield is founding any considerable part of his policy on the hope that "Canada will outstrip the United States," there is going to be an awful miscarriage of plans. With a fair show, freedom from old world broils and plenty of hard work Canada will go ahead, but in the meantime we shall not stand still, and Lord Baconsfield's prophecy will be as far as ever from fulfillment. What a future British Premier will see is the wiping out of the boundary line and the peaceful absorption of Canada into the United States if Canada will ask it, and we shall be too neighborly to decline a request so politely put.

It is difficult to see what good end is to be served by official efforts to mislead the British people. They read and they must know sooner or later, that the goverament has been trifling with them. False promise is being held out to the disheartened and discontented farmers just as, in the early days of the commercial depression, mill hands were told that the American manufacturers would break down as competors and once more give up the field to British looms and forges. That dishonest illusion has been dispelled and the latest cheat will go along with it. The truth must be faced that Great Britain can no longer make the wares she needs nor raise the food she eats. —*Chronicle—Herald.*

HOW ADAMS HANDLED A MUSKET.

In 1777, John Adams was appointed commissioner to France, to take the place of Silas Deane, and embarked on board the Boston frigate. In the course of the voyage, the commander of the Boston saw a sail, which carried the flag of the enemy, and the temptation to engage with her was so strong, that, although contrary to his orders which were limited to carrying Mr. Adams to France, he determined if possible, to capture her. Having obtained the permission of the commissioner, he made sail in chase; and when coming up with the enemy, he represented the danger of remaining on deck; the courses were clewed up, all hands beat to quarters, bulkheads down, decks sanded matches lit, and the fight begun. In the midst of it, the captain saw, to his surprise, that Mr. Adams had escaped his confinement below, and, with musket in hand, was doing the duty of a marine with great dexterity and composure. He immediately went to him and said, 'My duty, sir, is to carry you unhurt to France, and as you are unwilling to go under hatchets of your own accord, it is my duty to put you there;' and seizing the future President of the Republic in his arms, he had him conveyed to a place of safety, and took measures to keep him there, which were effectual.

A Wise Deacon.

'Deacon Wilder, I want you to tell me how you kept yourself and family well the past season, when all the rest of us have been sick so much, and have had the doctors visiting us so often.'

'Bro. Taylor, the answer is very easy. I used Hop Bitters in time; kept my family well and saved the doctor bills. Three dollars' worth of it kept us well and able to work all the time. I'll warrant it has cost you and the neighbors over two hundred dollars apiece to keep sick the same time.'

'Deacon, I'll use your medicine hereafter.'

Certain it is that as nothing can better do it, so there is nothing greater, for which God made our tongues, next to reciting His praises, than to minister comfort for a weary soul.

Great Britain, it is estimated, now holds $130 000,000 of United States bonds, and Germany, France and the rest of Europe about $70,000,000.

A rise in the price of breadstuffs is anticipated in England, and there is great destitution among the working classes in that country.

"Don't know half their Value."

'They cured me of Ague, Biliousness and Kidney Complaints, as recommended. I had a half bottle left which I used for my two little girls, who the doctors and neighbors said could not be cured. I would have lost both of them one night if I had not given them Hop Bitters. They did them so much good I continued their use until they were cured. That is why I say you do not know half the value of Hop Bitters, and do not recommend them high enough.'—B., Rochester, New York.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between C. B. Brockway and Geo. R. Elwell as the firm of Brockway & Elwell, engaged in the publication of the COLUMBIAN, and in the practice of law, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The books of the firm will remain at the COLUMBIAN office for settlement, and all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to the firm will please call and settle, and those having claims against the firm will please present their bills.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
GEO. R. ELWELL.

sept 26, 4w.

CATARRH

Catarrh of the Nasal Cavities, Acute, Chronic, and Ulcerative, Hay Fever, or Rose Catarrh, Catarrh of the Eye and Ear and Catarrh of the Throat.

SUCCESSFULLY TREATED WITH

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE.

CATARRH is a disease of the mucous membrane. Temperaments and constitutions vary its severity in individual cases. Catarrh may arise from a cold or succession of colds, from sudden change of atmosphere, wearing wet clothing, or exposure to inclement weather, and becoming thoroughly entitled when the digestive organs are in a morbid or inactive condition, and the strength and vital forces exhausted. The disease may arise from a scrofulous condition of the blood, from Scarlet Fever, Measles, and Diphtheria, in which cases the eye and ear are generally involved and discharge quantities of matter. The discharges from the nose, the distinctive feature in all catarrhal cases from whatever cause they arise, may be thin and watery, and so acrid as to cause redness and excoriation of the skin with which they come in contact, or thick and yellowish, exciting a foul odor, or clear and white like the white of an egg. There may be an entire lack of secretion, the secreting lining dry and feverish, the face, front and upper part of the head feeling uncomfortable, and as if it was encircled by a tight, unyielding band. This is a stage called Dry Catarrh. The free mattery discharge causes the possessor to swell and become thickened, rendering breathing through the nose difficult or impossible, and the sufferer finds it necessary to breathe through the mouth, thereby permitting cold air to pass directly to the bronchial tubes and lungs, the matter passing down the throat creates a constant desire to hawk and expectorate to throw it off; but when the membrane is dry and feverish, instead of passing freely down from the nose and throat, the mucus becomes hard and forms into scabs, incrustations, and hard lumps, which adhere so firmly to the nasal passages and throat as to require very persistent efforts to dislodge them. The eye is sympathy becomes inflamed, red, weak, and watery, or in the morning the lids may be found glued together, and matter is secreted in more or less quantity. The ear also becomes seriously affected, discharging quantities of matter, besides being visited by the most violent neuralgic pains, ending frequently in inflammation, ulceration, and finally deafness. The throat, bronchial tubes, and lungs are in many cases affected by catarrh, and when production of the nervous system is superadded, such affections become alarming.

A brief survey of this most serious disease warns all who are afflicted with it to seek a speedy preparation for its treatment before it becomes chronic. The advantages offered by SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE we confidently believe are to be found in no other remedy. Every step in its preparation, every line in the directions, mark it as a scientific remedy, calculated to meet every phase of the disease. The numerous testimonials from the best people in the United States attest the esteem in which it is held by those who have been freed from the most distressing and dangerous disease with which mankind is to-day afflicted.

JUST PUBLISHED.

A carefully revised Treatise on Catarrh, with an accurate description of symptoms and sympathetic diseases, together with minute directions for effecting with SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE a speedy and permanent cure. Also observations on diet and the general health, of vast importance to all afflicted with catarrh. It is wrapped about each bottle of the RADICAL CURE, or will be mailed free on receipt of stamp.

Each package of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE contains Dr. Sanford's Improved Inhaling Tube, with full directions for use in all cases. Price, $1. Sold by all wholesale and retail druggists throughout the United States and Canada. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

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Cures Pains and Aches.

It equalizes the Circulation.
It subdues Inflammatory Action.
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It removes Pain and Soreness.
It cures Kidney Complaints.
It strengthens the Muscles.
It cures Rheumatism and Neuralgia.
It relaxes Stiffened Cords.
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It is invaluable in Paralysis.
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It is thrifty and soothing.
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It is prescribed by Physicians.
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THE ONLY MEDICINE

That Acts at the Same Time on

THE LIVER, THE BOWELS, and the KIDNEYS.

These great organs are the natural cleansers of the system. If they work well, health will be perfect: if they become clogged, dreadful diseases are sure to follow with

TERRIBLE SUFFERING.

Biliousness, Headache, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Constipation and Piles, or Kidney Complaints, Gravel, Diabetes, Sediment in the Urine, Milky or Ropy Urine; or Rheumatic Pains and Aches,

are developed because the blood is poisoned with the humors that should have been expelled naturally.

KIDNEY-WORT

will restore the healthy action and all these destroying evils will be banished; neglect them and you will live but to suffer.

Thousands have been cured. Try it and you will add one more to the number. Take it and health will once more gladden your heart.

Why suffer longer from the torment of an aching back?

Why bear such distress from Constipation and Piles?

Why be so fearful because of disordered urine?

Kidney-Wort will cure you. Try a package at once and be satisfied.

It is a dry vegetable compound and

One Package makes six quarts of Medicine.

Your Druggist has it, or will get it for you. Insist upon having it. Price, $1.00.

WELLS, RICHARDSON CO., Proprietors, (Wholesale only) Burlington, Vt.

h 7 1879.

SPEER'S

PORT GRAPE WINE

Used in the principal Churches for Communion purposes.

EXCELLENT FOR LADIES AND WEAKLY PERSONS AND THE AGED.

Speer's Port Grape Wine!

FOUR YEARS OLD.

This Celebrated Native Wine is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in this County

Its Invaluable

Tonic and Strengthening Properties

are unsurpassed by any other Native Wine. Being the pure juice of the Grape, produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that affect the weaker sex. It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

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P. J. Sherry.

The P. J. SHERRY is a Wine of Superior Character, and partakes of the golden qualities of the grape, from which it is made. For Purity, Richness, Flavor and Medicinal Properties, it will be found unexcelled.

SPEER'S

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This BRANDY stands unrivaled in this Country, being far superior for medicinal purposes.

IT IS A PURE distillation from the grape and contains valuable medicinal properties.

It has a delicate flavor, similar to that of the grapes from which it is distilled, and is in great favor among first-class families.

See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.

SOLD BY C. A. KLEIM.

June 27, 1879-tf

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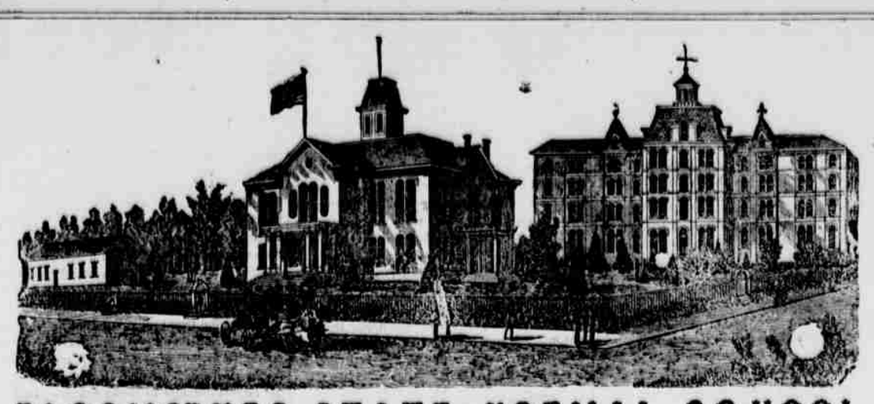

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SIXTH NORMAL SCHOOL DISTRICT.

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Buildings spacious, inviting and commodious; completely heated by steam, well ventilated, lighted by gas, and furnished with a bountiful supply of pure, soft spring water.

Location healthful, and easy of access. Teachers experienced, efficient, and alive to their work. Discipline, firm but kind, uniform and thorough. Expenses moderate. Fifty cents a week deduction to all expecting to teach. Students admitted at any time. Rooms reserved when desired.

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The course of Study prescribed by the State is liberal, and the Scientific and Classical courses are not inferior to those of our best Colleges.

The State requires a higher order of citizenship. The times demand it. It is one of the prime objects of this School to help to secure it, by furnishing intelligent and efficient Teachers for her Schools. To this end it solicits young persons of good abilities and good purposes,—those who desire to improve their time and their talents, as students. To all such it promises aid in developing their powers, and abundant opportunities for well paid labor after leaving School. For Catalogue, address the Principal.

HON. WILLIAM ELWELL, President Board of Trustees. F. P. BILLMYER, Secretary.

Sept. 8, '78.-

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SELL YOU THE CLOTH,

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TAKE YOUR MEASURE,

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Pretty suits for little boys,

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All kinds of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry neatly repaired and warranted.

may 17, '78-tf

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"For sticking spells, fits, dizziness, palpitation and top horrids rely on Hop Bitters."

"Good ol', procure and use Hop Bitters, and keep well, strong healthy and happy."

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"The greatest Appetizer, Stomach, Blood and Liver regulator—Hop Bitters."

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"Hop Bitters has restored to health, and strength, thousands from Intemperance."

"Sour stomach, sick headache and dizziness, Hop Bitters cure with a few doses."

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"$500 will be paid for a case that Hop Bitters will not cure or help."

"Hop Bitters builds up, strengthens and cures continually from the first dose."

"Kidney and Urinary complaints of all kinds permanently cured by Hop Bitters."

Hop Cough Cure is the surest, safest and best. 25cts a bottle.

The Hop Pad for Stomach, Liver and Kidneys is a perfect fit, and cures. Ask Druggists.

D. I. C. cures absolute and forever the drunkard, the tobacco and opium habit.

All above sold by druggists. Hop Bitters Manufacturing Co., Rochester, N. Y.

Send for Circular.

May 9, '79-tf.

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feb. 14, '77-tf r

Feb.7, '79-1y

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Prices reduced to suit the times.

Oct. 1, 1879.

Sept. 5, '79.-12w

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Aprils, 1879-tf

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DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Standard Family Remedy for diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.—It is Purely Vegetable.—It never Debilitates—It is Cathartic and Tonic. TRY IT.

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

The Liver is the seat of malarial diseases. The Liver Invigorator protects the system from Miasmatic Influences. It Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Bowels, Assists Digestion, and Strengthens the System. The Liver Invigorator has been used in my practice and by the public for more than 35 years, with unprecedented results.

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ANY DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU ITS REPUTATION.

April 18, '79-1y.

RAIL ROAD TIME TABLES

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

On and after Sunday, June 29, 1879, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

Erie Mail leaves	Philadelphia	11 55 p m
" "	Harrisburg	4 25 a m
" "	Williamsport	8 35 a m
" "	Jersey Shore	9 07 a m
" "	Lock Haven	9 40 a m
" "	Renovo	11 0 5 a m
" arrive at	Erie	7 35 p m
Niagara Express leaves	Philadelphia	8 30 a m
" "	Harrisburg	11 45 a m
" arr. at	Williamsport	2 55 p m
" "	Lock Haven	3 55 p m
" "	Renovo	5 25 p m
Fast Line leaves	Philadelphia	11 45 a m
" "	Harrisburg	3 35 p m
" arrive at	Williamsport	7 25 p m
" "	Lock Haven	8 40 p m

EASTWARD.

Pacific Express leaves	Lock Haven	6 40 a m
" "	Jersey Shore	7 15 a m
" "	Williamsport	7 58 a m
" arrive at	Harrisburg	11 45 a m
" "	Philadelphia	3 15 p m
Day Express leaves	Renovo	10 05 a m
" "	Lock Haven	11 20 a m
" "	Williamsport	12 40 p m
" arrive at	Harrisburg	4 10 p m
" "	Philadelphia	7 30 p m
Erie Mail leaves	Renovo	8 50 p m
" "	Lock Haven	10 00 p m
" "	Williamsport	11 20 p m
" arrives at	Harrisburg	3 00 a m
" "	Philadelphia	7 40 a m
Fast Line leaves	Williamsport	12 35 a m
" arrives at	Harrisburg	3 55 a m
" "	Philadelphia	7 40 a m

Erie Mail west and Day Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R. trains for Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Fast Line West make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail east and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R. R.; at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Express west, Erie Express west, Philadelphia Express east, Day Express east and Sunday Express east. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN,
General Supt.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

On and after November 20th, 1873, trains will leave Sunbury as follows:

NORTHWARD.

Erie Mail 5.20 a. m., arrive Elmira..... 11 .5
" Canandaigua.... 2.35 p. m
Rochester..... 5.15 "
Niagara..... 9 40 "

Renovo accommodation 11.10 a. m. arrive Williamsport 12.55 p. m.

Elmira Mail 4.15 a. m., arrive Elmira 10.20 a. m.

Buffalo Express 7.15 a. m. arrive Buffalo 8.50 a. m

SOUTHWARD.

Buffalo Express 2.50 a. m. arrive Harrisburg 4.50 a. m.
" Baltimore 8.40 "

Elmira Mail 11.15 a. m., arrive Harrisburg 1.50
" Washington 10.30 "
" Baltimore 6.30 "
" Washington 8.30 "

Harrisburg accommodation 8.40 p. m. arrive Harrisburg 10.50 p. m.
arrive Baltimore 2.25 a. m
" Washington 6.13 "

Erie Mail 12.55 a. m. arrive Harrisburg 3.05 a. m.
" Baltimore 8.40 "
" Washington 10.35 "

All daily except Sunday.

D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agent
A. J. CASSATT, General Manager

PHILADELPHIA AND READING ROAD ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

May 11, 1879.

TRAINS LEAVE RUPERT AS FOLLOWS (SUNDAY EXCEPTED

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville Tamaqua, &c., 11,45 a. m

For Catawissa, 11,45 a. m. 7,21 and 7,35 p. m.

For Williamsport, 6,38 9,05 a. m. and 4,06 p. m.

TRAINS FOR RUPERT LEAVE AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED)

Leave New York, 8,45 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia, 9,45 a. m.

Leave Reading, 11,55 a. m., Pottsville, 12,39 p. m and Tamaqua, 1,35 p. m.

Leave Catawissa, 6,20 8,50 a. m. and 4,00 p. m.

Leave Williamsport, 9,45 a.m, 2,15 p. m. and 4,50 p. m

Passengers to and from New York and Philadelphia go through without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTTEN,
General Manager.

C. G. HANCOCK,
General Ticket Agent.
Jan. 14, 1876—tf.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

Time-Table No. 39, Takes effect at 4.30 A. M

MONDAY, JUNE 10, 1878.

NORTH.			STATIONS.	SOUTH.		
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.		a.m.	p.m.	p.m
9 30	4 12	9 46	Scranton	9 35	2 10	6 15
9 23			Bellevue		2 16	6 20
9 17		9 37	Taylorville	9 45	2 22	6 26
9 08		9 30	Lackawanna		2 30	6 33
8 58	3 51	9 24	Pittston	9 58	2 38	6 40
8 51	3 46	9 19	West Pittston		2 43	6 45
8 46	3 41	9 14	Wyoming	10 07	2 49	6 50
	19 41		Maltby		2 52	6 55
	12 36		Bennett		2 57	6 59
8 33	3 30	9 04	Kingston	10 18	3 15	7 16
8 13	3 10	8 44	Kingston	10 33	3 15	7 16
			Plymouth Junc.		3 10	7 18
8 28	2 90	8 56	Plymouth	10 29	3 15	7 25
			Avondale		3 21	7 35
8 19	3 12	8 47	Nanticoke	10 34	3 26	7 42
8 08	3 04	8 39	Munlock's Creek	10 42	3 35	8 04
7 51	2 51	8 26	Shickshinny	10 55	3 50	8 25
7 38	2 39	8 17	Hick's Ferry	11 07	4 03	8 45
7 32	2 34	8 12	Beach Haven	11 13	4 10	8 55
7 25	2 26	8 06	Berwick	11 20	4 18	9 05
7 18			Briar Creek		4 25	7 15
7 14			Willow Grove		4 29	7 20
7 10			Lime Ridge		4 33	7 30
7 02	2 04	7 44	Espy	11 39	4 42	7 44
6 56	1 57	7 38	Bloomsburg	11 45	4 49	8 00
6 50	1 51	7 33	Rupert	11 5	4 55	8 12
6 45	1 46	7 29	Catawissa Bridge	11 57	5 00	8 20
6 37	1 37	7 11	Danville	12 18	5 20	8 45
			Chulasky		9 18	9 51
6 15			Cameron		5 30	9 55
6 00	1 00	6 45	Northumberland	12 45	5 45	9 50
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.			p.m.	p.m. a.m

W. F. HALSTEAD, Supt.
Superintendent's Office, Scranton, June 10, 1878.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

PHILADELPHIA,

Dealers in

TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES,

RICE, SPICES, SUGAR SODA, &c., &c.

N. E. Corner Second and Arch streets,

☞ Orders will receive prompt attention.

SPEER'S

PORT GRAPE WINE

Used in the principal Churches for Communion purposes.

EXCELLENT FOR LADIES AND WEAKLY PERSONS AND THE AGED.

SPEER'S

PASSAIC, N.J.

Mt. Prospect Vineyards.

WINE

Speer's Port Grape Wine!

FOUR YEARS OLD.

This Celebrated Native Wine is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in this County

Its Invaluable

Tonic and Strengthening Properties

are unsurpassed by any other Native Wine. Being the pure juice of the Grape, produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that affect the weaker sex. It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

SPEER'S

P. J. Sherry.

The P. J. SHERRY is a Wine of Superior Character, and partakes of the golden qualities of the grape, from which it is made. For Purity, Richness, Flavor and Medicinal Properties, it will be found unexcelled.

SPEER'S

P. J. Brandy.

This BRANDY stands unrivaled in this Country, being far superior for medicinal purposes.

IT IS A PURE distillation from the grape and contains valuable medicinal properties.

It has a delicate flavor, similar to that of the grapes from which it is distilled, and is in great favor among first-class families.

See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.

SOLD BY C. A. KLEIM.

June 27, 1879-tf

PATENTS

obtained for new inventions, or for improvements on old ones, for medical or other compounds, trademarks and labels. Caveats, Assignments, Interferences, Appeals, Suits for Infringements, and all cases arising under the Patent Laws, promptly attended to.——Inventions that have been **REJECTED** *by the Patent Office may still, in most cases, be patented by us. Being opposite the U. S. Patent Department, and engaged in Patent business exclusively, we can make closer searches, and secure Patents more promptly, and with broader claims, than those who are remote from Washington.*

INVENTORS *send us a model or sketch of your device; we make examinations and advise as to patentability, free of charge. All correspondence strictly confidential. Prices low, and NO CHARGE UNLESS PATENT IS SECURED.*

*We refer to, Washington, to Hon.